

**Table 7.106A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	34,993	34,807	5,772 <sup>a</sup>	6,354	29,220	28,453
12-17	5,455	5,300	1,045	1,078	4,410	4,223
18-25	10,976	10,913	1,673 <sup>a</sup>	1,890	9,303	9,022
26 or Older	18,562	18,594	3,054	3,386	15,507	15,208
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	25,231	25,451	4,120	4,527	21,110	20,924
12-17	3,745	3,656	705	730	3,039	2,925
18-25	9,044	8,963	1,326	1,503	7,719	7,459
26 or Older	12,441	12,833	2,089	2,293	10,352	10,540
<b>ILLICIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	20,305	19,658	3,393 <sup>a</sup>	3,857	16,912 <sup>a</sup>	15,801
12-17	3,351	3,269	634	632	2,716	2,637
18-25	6,266	6,201	935	1,073	5,331	5,128
26 or Older	10,689	10,189	1,823	2,152	8,865	8,037

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.106B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	14.7	14.5	18.0	17.9	14.2	13.9
12-17	21.8	21.0	23.6	23.0	21.5	20.6
18-25	34.6	33.9	32.2	33.8	35.1	33.9
26 or Older	10.3	10.2	13.6	13.4	9.8	9.6
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	10.6	10.6	12.8	12.7	10.3	10.2
12-17	15.0	14.5	15.9	15.6	14.8	14.2
18-25	28.5	27.8	25.6	26.9	29.1	28.0
26 or Older	6.9	7.0	9.3	9.1	6.5	6.7
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	8.5	8.2	10.6	10.8	8.2 <sup>a</sup>	7.7
12-17	13.4	13.0	14.3	13.5	13.2	12.8
18-25	19.7	19.3	18.0	19.2	20.1	19.3
26 or Older	5.9	5.6	8.1	8.5	5.6	5.1

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.107A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	118,965	120,934	11,766	12,764	107,199	108,170
12-17	4,425	4,436	648	705	3,777	3,730
18-25	19,466	19,474	2,562 <sup>a</sup>	2,807	16,904	16,667
26 or Older	95,073	97,023	8,556	9,251	86,518	87,772
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	53,770	54,725	6,699	7,206	47,072	47,519
12-17	2,658	2,794	409	439	2,249	2,355
18-25	13,188	13,271	1,635 <sup>a</sup>	1,849	11,553	11,421
26 or Older	37,924	38,661	4,655	4,918	33,269	33,742
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	60,434	59,896	10,962	11,742	49,472	48,153
12-17	3,044	2,998	639	590	2,404	2,408
18-25	12,764	12,731	2,245 <sup>a</sup>	2,532	10,520	10,199
26 or Older	44,626	44,166	8,078	8,620	36,549	35,546

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.107B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	50.1	50.3	36.6	35.9	52.2	52.8
12-17	17.7	17.6	14.6	15.1	18.4	18.2
18-25	61.4	60.5	49.4	50.2	63.7	62.7
26 or Older	52.5	53.0	38.0	36.6	54.6	55.6
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	22.6	22.8	20.8	20.3	22.9	23.2
12-17	10.6	11.1	9.2	9.4	10.9	11.5
18-25	41.6	41.2	31.5	33.1	43.5	42.9
26 or Older	21.0	21.1	20.7	19.5	21.0	21.4
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	25.4	24.9	34.1	33.0	24.1	23.5
12-17	12.2	11.9	14.4	12.6	11.7	11.7
18-25	40.2	39.5	43.3	45.3	39.6	38.3
26 or Older	24.7	24.1	35.9	34.1	23.1	22.5

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.108A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	21,586	22,506	3,469	3,755	18,117	18,751
12-17	2,214	2,228	430	437	1,783	1,791
18-25	6,678	6,840	881 <sup>b</sup>	1,086	5,797	5,754
26 or Older	12,694	13,438	2,157	2,232	10,536	11,206
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	6,835	7,298	1,453 <sup>b</sup>	1,836	5,382	5,462
12-17	1,287	1,347	291	284	996	1,062
18-25	2,486	2,684	451	550	2,035	2,135
26 or Older	3,062	3,267	710 <sup>a</sup>	1,002	2,351	2,265
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	17,805	18,654	2,577	2,663	15,228	15,990
12-17	1,471	1,517	235	264	1,236	1,252
18-25	5,462	5,609	637 <sup>a</sup>	792	4,825	4,816
26 or Older	10,872	11,528	1,705	1,607	9,167	9,921

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.108B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	9.1	9.4	10.8	10.6	8.8	9.1
12-17	8.9	8.8	9.7	9.3	8.7	8.7
18-25	21.0	21.2	17.0 <sup>a</sup>	19.4	21.8	21.6
26 or Older	7.0	7.3	9.6	8.8	6.7	7.1
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	2.9	3.0	4.5	5.2	2.6	2.7
12-17	5.1	5.3	6.6	6.1	4.8	5.2
18-25	7.8	8.3	8.7	9.8	7.7	8.0
26 or Older	1.7	1.8	3.2	4.0	1.5	1.4
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	7.5	7.8	8.0	7.5	7.4	7.8
12-17	5.9	6.0	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.1
18-25	17.2	17.4	12.3	14.2	18.2	18.1
26 or Older	6.0	6.3	7.6	6.4	5.8	6.3

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

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<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.109A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	34,993	34,807	2,173	2,294	32,820	32,513
12-17	5,455	5,300	425	355	5,030	4,945
18-25	10,976	10,913	532	538	10,444	10,375
26 or Older	18,562	18,594	1,216	1,400	17,346	17,194
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	25,231	25,451	1,528	1,582	23,703	23,869
12-17	3,745	3,656	275	244	3,469	3,412
18-25	9,044	8,963	409	445	8,636	8,518
26 or Older	12,441	12,833	844	893	11,597	11,939
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	20,305	19,658	1,286	1,381	19,019	18,278
12-17	3,351	3,269	274 <sup>a</sup>	208	3,077	3,061
18-25	6,266	6,201	323	286	5,943	5,915
26 or Older	10,689	10,189	690	887	9,999	9,302

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.109B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	14.7	14.5	14.0	13.7	14.8	14.5
12-17	21.8	21.0	22.5	19.7	21.8	21.1
18-25	34.6	33.9	32.3	33.1	34.7	33.9
26 or Older	10.3	10.2	10.1	10.5	10.3	10.1
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	10.6	10.6	9.8	9.5	10.7	10.7
12-17	15.0	14.5	14.6	13.5	15.0	14.6
18-25	28.5	27.8	24.8	27.4	28.7	27.9
26 or Older	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.9	7.0
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	8.5	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.2
12-17	13.4	13.0	14.5	11.5	13.3	13.1
18-25	19.7	19.3	19.6	17.6	19.8	19.4
26 or Older	5.9	5.6	5.7	6.7	5.9	5.5

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.



**Table 7.110A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	118,965	120,934	5,127	5,081	113,838	115,852
12-17	4,425	4,436	283	259	4,143	4,177
18-25	19,466	19,474	731	736	18,735	18,738
26 or Older	95,073	97,023	4,113	4,086	90,960	92,937
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	53,770	54,725	2,712	2,497	51,058	52,228
12-17	2,658	2,794	175	162	2,484	2,632
18-25	13,188	13,271	508	480	12,680	12,791
26 or Older	37,924	38,661	2,030	1,855	35,894	36,805
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	60,434	59,896	4,693	4,761	55,741	55,134
12-17	3,044	2,998	269	242	2,774	2,757
18-25	12,764	12,731	638	681	12,127	12,050
26 or Older	44,626	44,166	3,786	3,838	40,841	40,328

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.110B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	50.1	50.3	32.9	30.4	51.3	51.8
12-17	17.7	17.6	15.0	14.4	17.9	17.8
18-25	61.4	60.5	44.4	45.3	62.3	61.3
26 or Older	52.5	53.0	34.2	30.8	53.8	54.7
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	22.6	22.8	17.4	14.9	23.0	23.3
12-17	10.6	11.1	9.3	9.0	10.7	11.2
18-25	41.6	41.2	30.9	29.5	42.2	41.8
26 or Older	21.0	21.1	16.9	14.0	21.2	21.7
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	25.4	24.9	30.1	28.5	25.1	24.6
12-17	12.2	11.9	14.3	13.4	12.0	11.8
18-25	40.2	39.5	38.8	41.9	40.3	39.4
26 or Older	24.7	24.1	31.4	28.9	24.2	23.7

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.111A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group:  
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	21,586	22,506	1,314	1,267	20,272	21,239
12-17	2,214	2,228	162	133	2,052	2,096
18-25	6,678	6,840	301	363	6,377	6,477
26 or Older	12,694	13,438	851	772	11,843	12,666
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	6,835	7,298	540	687	6,294	6,610
12-17	1,287	1,347	111	81	1,176	1,266
18-25	2,486	2,684	158	198	2,328	2,487
26 or Older	3,062	3,267	272	409	2,790	2,858
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	17,805	18,654	999	869	16,806	17,784
12-17	1,471	1,517	93	81	1,378	1,436
18-25	5,462	5,609	219	252	5,243	5,357
26 or Older	10,872	11,528	686	536	10,186	10,992

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.111B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	9.1	9.4	8.4	7.6	9.1	9.5
12-17	8.9	8.8	8.6	7.3	8.9	9.0
18-25	21.0	21.2	18.3	22.3	21.2	21.2
26 or Older	7.0	7.3	7.1	5.8	7.0	7.5
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	2.9	3.0	3.5	4.1	2.8	3.0
12-17	5.1	5.3	5.9	4.5	5.1	5.4
18-25	7.8	8.3	9.6	12.1	7.7	8.1
26 or Older	1.7	1.8	2.3	3.1	1.7	1.7
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	7.5	7.8	6.4	5.2	7.6	7.9
12-17	5.9	6.0	4.9	4.5	6.0	6.1
18-25	17.2	17.4	13.3	15.5	17.4	17.5
26 or Older	6.0	6.3	5.7	4.0	6.0	6.5

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.112A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	34,993	34,807	3,365 <sup>b</sup>	4,201	31,627	30,605
12-17	5,455	5,300	662	728	4,793	4,572
18-25	10,976	10,913	951 <sup>b</sup>	1,195	10,025	9,717
26 or Older	18,562	18,594	1,753 <sup>a</sup>	2,278	16,809	16,316
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	25,231	25,451	2,382 <sup>b</sup>	3,059	22,849	22,392
12-17	3,745	3,656	448	496	3,297	3,160
18-25	9,044	8,963	744 <sup>b</sup>	943	8,300	8,020
26 or Older	12,441	12,833	1,190 <sup>a</sup>	1,620	11,252	11,213
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	20,305	19,658	2,021 <sup>b</sup>	2,600	18,284 <sup>a</sup>	17,058
12-17	3,351	3,269	386	425	2,965	2,844
18-25	6,266	6,201	529 <sup>b</sup>	683	5,737	5,518
26 or Older	10,689	10,189	1,106 <sup>a</sup>	1,492	9,583	8,696

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.112B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	14.7	14.5	19.9	21.0	14.3	13.9
12-17	21.8	21.0	23.5	23.8	21.6	20.6
18-25	34.6	33.9	30.3	33.1	35.1	34.0
26 or Older	10.3	10.2	16.0	17.1	9.9	9.6
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	10.6	10.6	14.1	15.3	10.3	10.2
12-17	15.0	14.5	15.9	16.2	14.9	14.3
18-25	28.5	27.8	23.7	26.1	29.0	28.1
26 or Older	6.9	7.0	10.9	12.2	6.6	6.6
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	8.5	8.2	12.0	13.0	8.3 <sup>a</sup>	7.7
12-17	13.4	13.0	13.7	13.9	13.4	12.8
18-25	19.7	19.3	16.8	18.9	20.1	19.3
26 or Older	5.9	5.6	10.1	11.2	5.6	5.1

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.113A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	118,965	120,934	5,903 <sup>b</sup>	7,026	113,061	113,908
12-17	4,425	4,436	380	453	4,045	3,983
18-25	19,466	19,474	1,457 <sup>b</sup>	1,789	18,009	17,685
26 or Older	95,073	97,023	4,066 <sup>a</sup>	4,784	91,008	92,239
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	53,770	54,725	3,629 <sup>b</sup>	4,421	50,141	50,304
12-17	2,658	2,794	231	271	2,427	2,523
18-25	13,188	13,271	915 <sup>b</sup>	1,170	12,273	12,101
26 or Older	37,924	38,661	2,483	2,980	35,441	35,680
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	60,434	59,896	6,663 <sup>b</sup>	7,812	53,772	52,084
12-17	3,044	2,998	403	384	2,641	2,615
18-25	12,764	12,731	1,402 <sup>b</sup>	1,724	11,362	11,008
26 or Older	44,626	44,166	4,858 <sup>a</sup>	5,705	39,768	38,462

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.113B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	50.1	50.3	35.0	35.2	51.2	51.6
12-17	17.7	17.6	13.5	14.8	18.2	18.0
18-25	61.4	60.5	46.4	49.5	63.0	61.9
26 or Older	52.5	53.0	37.2	36.0	53.5	54.3
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	22.6	22.8	21.5	22.1	22.7	22.8
12-17	10.6	11.1	8.2	8.9	10.9	11.4
18-25	41.6	41.2	29.2	32.4	42.9	42.3
26 or Older	21.0	21.1	22.7	22.4	20.8	21.0
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	25.4	24.9	39.5	39.1	24.4	23.6
12-17	12.2	11.9	14.3	12.5	11.9	11.8
18-25	40.2	39.5	44.6	47.7	39.7	38.5
26 or Older	24.7	24.1	44.5	42.9	23.4	22.6

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.



**Table 7.114A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	21,586	22,506	2,001 <sup>a</sup>	2,459	19,585	20,047
12-17	2,214	2,228	274	283	1,940	1,945
18-25	6,678	6,840	524 <sup>a</sup>	638	6,154	6,202
26 or Older	12,694	13,438	1,203 <sup>a</sup>	1,538	11,491	11,899
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	6,835	7,298	832 <sup>b</sup>	1,244	6,002	6,054
12-17	1,287	1,347	189	188	1,098	1,159
18-25	2,486	2,684	261	327	2,225	2,357
26 or Older	3,062	3,267	382 <sup>b</sup>	729	2,680	2,538
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	17,805	18,654	1,468	1,738	16,337	16,916
12-17	1,471	1,517	146	171	1,325	1,346
18-25	5,462	5,609	386	478	5,076	5,131
26 or Older	10,872	11,528	936	1,089	9,936	10,439

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.114B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	9.1	9.4	11.9	12.3	8.9	9.1
12-17	8.9	8.8	9.7	9.3	8.7	8.8
18-25	21.0	21.2	16.7	17.6	21.5	21.7
26 or Older	7.0	7.3	11.0	11.6	6.8	7.0
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	2.9	3.0	4.9 <sup>a</sup>	6.2	2.7	2.7
12-17	5.1	5.3	6.7	6.2	5.0	5.2
18-25	7.8	8.3	8.3	9.1	7.8	8.2
26 or Older	1.7	1.8	3.5 <sup>a</sup>	5.5	1.6	1.5
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	7.5	7.8	8.7	8.7	7.4	7.7
12-17	5.9	6.0	5.2	5.6	6.0	6.1
18-25	17.2	17.4	12.3	13.2	17.8	18.0
26 or Older	6.0	6.3	8.6	8.2	5.8	6.1

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.115A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	34,993	34,807	1,604	1,645	33,389	33,162
12-17	5,455	5,300	311	333	5,144	4,967
18-25	10,976	10,913	450	505	10,525	10,408
26 or Older	18,562	18,594	842	807	17,719	17,787
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	25,231	25,451	1,154	1,143	24,077	24,308
12-17	3,745	3,656	211	232	3,533	3,424
18-25	9,044	8,963	356	414	8,688	8,548
26 or Older	12,441	12,833	587	497	11,855	12,336
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	20,305	19,658	989	1,041	19,316	18,618
12-17	3,351	3,269	196	207	3,155	3,062
18-25	6,266	6,201	237	272	6,028	5,928
26 or Older	10,689	10,189	556	561	10,133	9,627

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.115B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	14.7	14.5	22.9	23.0	14.5	14.2
12-17	21.8	21.0	24.6	27.8	21.7	20.7
18-25	34.6	33.9	29.5	33.1	34.9	33.9
26 or Older	10.3	10.2	20.1	18.2	10.0	10.0
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	10.6	10.6	16.5	16.0	10.4	10.4
12-17	15.0	14.5	16.7	19.4	14.9	14.3
18-25	28.5	27.8	23.3	27.1	28.8	27.9
26 or Older	6.9	7.0	14.0	11.2	6.7	6.9
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	8.5	8.2	14.1	14.6	8.4	8.0
12-17	13.4	13.0	15.5	17.3	13.3	12.7
18-25	19.7	19.3	15.5	17.8	20.0	19.3
26 or Older	5.9	5.6	13.2	12.7	5.7	5.4

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.116A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group:  
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	118,965	120,934	2,727	2,671	116,237	118,263
12-17	4,425	4,436	182	187	4,244	4,249
18-25	19,466	19,474	721	748	18,745	18,726
26 or Older	95,073	97,023	1,825	1,735	93,249	95,288
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	53,770	54,725	1,701	1,488	52,069	53,237
12-17	2,658	2,794	121	110	2,538	2,684
18-25	13,188	13,271	437	493	12,751	12,778
26 or Older	37,924	38,661	1,143	885	36,781	37,775
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	60,434	59,896	2,860	2,612	57,575	57,284
12-17	3,044	2,998	191	167	2,852	2,831
18-25	12,764	12,731	709	742	12,055	11,990
26 or Older	44,626	44,166	1,959	1,703	42,667	42,463

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.116B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	50.1	50.3	39.0	37.4	50.4	50.7
12-17	17.7	17.6	14.3	15.6	17.9	17.7
18-25	61.4	60.5	47.2	49.0	62.1	61.1
26 or Older	52.5	53.0	43.4	39.2	52.8	53.3
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	22.6	22.8	24.3	20.8	22.6	22.8
12-17	10.6	11.1	9.5	9.2	10.7	11.2
18-25	41.6	41.2	28.6	32.3	42.2	41.7
26 or Older	21.0	21.1	27.2 <sup>a</sup>	20.0	20.8	21.1
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	25.4	24.9	40.9	36.5	25.0	24.5
12-17	12.2	11.9	15.1	14.0	12.0	11.8
18-25	40.2	39.5	46.4	48.6	39.9	39.1
26 or Older	24.7	24.1	46.6	38.5	24.1	23.8

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.117A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	21,586	22,506	977	968	20,609	21,538
12-17	2,214	2,228	142	140	2,071	2,088
18-25	6,678	6,840	247	307	6,432	6,533
26 or Older	12,694	13,438	588	521	12,106	12,917
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	6,835	7,298	429	508	6,406	6,790
12-17	1,287	1,347	101	94	1,186	1,252
18-25	2,486	2,684	115	167	2,371	2,517
26 or Older	3,062	3,267	214	246	2,848	3,020
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	17,805	18,654	719	690	17,086	17,964
12-17	1,471	1,517	70	80	1,401	1,437
18-25	5,462	5,609	175	226	5,287	5,383
26 or Older	10,872	11,528	474	384	10,398	11,144

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.117B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	9.1	9.4	14.0	13.5	8.9	9.2
12-17	8.9	8.8	11.2	11.7	8.7	8.7
18-25	21.0	21.2	16.1	20.1	21.3	21.3
26 or Older	7.0	7.3	14.0	11.8	6.8	7.2
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	2.9	3.0	6.1	7.1	2.8	2.9
12-17	5.1	5.3	7.9	7.9	5.0	5.2
18-25	7.8	8.3	7.5 <sup>a</sup>	11.0	7.9	8.2
26 or Older	1.7	1.8	5.1	5.6	1.6	1.7
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	7.5	7.8	10.3	9.7	7.4	7.7
12-17	5.9	6.0	5.5	6.7	5.9	6.0
18-25	17.2	17.4	11.5	14.8	17.5	17.6
26 or Older	6.0	6.3	11.3	8.7	5.9	6.2

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.



**Table 7.118A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	34,993	34,807	1,844	1,848	33,148	32,959
12-17	5,455	5,300	253	308	5,202	4,992
18-25	10,976	10,913	645	650	10,331	10,263
26 or Older	18,562	18,594	946	890	17,616	17,704
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	25,231	25,451	1,381	1,319	23,849	24,133
12-17	3,745	3,656	182	217	3,563	3,439
18-25	9,044	8,963	525	505	8,520	8,458
26 or Older	12,441	12,833	675	597	11,767	12,235
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	20,305	19,658	1,055	1,158	19,251	18,500
12-17	3,351	3,269	135	171	3,215	3,098
18-25	6,266	6,201	335	382	5,931	5,818
26 or Older	10,689	10,189	584	604	10,104	9,584

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.118B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ILLCIT DRUG<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	14.7	14.5	23.2	21.9	14.4	14.2
12-17	21.8	21.0	22.3	25.2	21.8	20.8
18-25	34.6	33.9	34.3	34.0	34.6	33.9
26 or Older	10.3	10.2	19.1	16.7	10.0	10.0
<b>MARIJUANA</b>						
Total	10.6	10.6	17.3	15.6	10.4	10.4
12-17	15.0	14.5	16.0	17.7	14.9	14.3
18-25	28.5	27.8	27.9	26.4	28.5	27.9
26 or Older	6.9	7.0	13.6	11.2	6.7	6.9
<b>ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	8.5	8.2	13.2	13.7	8.4	8.0
12-17	13.4	13.0	11.9	14.0	13.5	12.9
18-25	19.7	19.3	17.8	20.0	19.9	19.2
26 or Older	5.9	5.6	11.8	11.4	5.7	5.4

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.119A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group:  
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	118,965	120,934	3,465	3,552	115,499	117,382
12-17	4,425	4,436	170	198	4,255	4,238
18-25	19,466	19,474	1,059	1,025	18,407	18,449
26 or Older	95,073	97,023	2,236	2,329	92,838	94,695
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	53,770	54,725	2,037	2,025	51,734	52,700
12-17	2,658	2,794	109	115	2,549	2,679
18-25	13,188	13,271	611	642	12,577	12,629
26 or Older	37,924	38,661	1,316	1,269	36,607	37,392
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	60,434	59,896	3,017	2,944	57,418	56,952
12-17	3,044	2,998	175	163	2,869	2,835
18-25	12,764	12,731	847	853	11,917	11,878
26 or Older	44,626	44,166	1,995	1,928	42,631	42,238

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.119B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>ALCOHOL</b>						
Total	50.1	50.3	43.5	42.0	50.3	50.6
12-17	17.7	17.6	15.0	16.2	17.8	17.7
18-25	61.4	60.5	56.4	53.7	61.7	60.9
26 or Older	52.5	53.0	45.2	43.8	52.7	53.3
<b>BINGE ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	22.6	22.8	25.6	24.0	22.5	22.7
12-17	10.6	11.1	9.6	9.4	10.7	11.2
18-25	41.6	41.2	32.5	33.6	42.1	41.7
26 or Older	21.0	21.1	26.6	23.8	20.8	21.0
<b>CIGARETTES</b>						
Total	25.4	24.9	37.9	34.8	25.0	24.5
12-17	12.2	11.9	15.4	13.3	12.0	11.8
18-25	40.2	39.5	45.1	44.7	39.9	39.2
26 or Older	24.7	24.1	40.3	36.2	24.2	23.8

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.120A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	21,586	22,506	1,070	1,196	20,516	21,310
12-17	2,214	2,228	116	122	2,097	2,106
18-25	6,678	6,840	328	409	6,350	6,431
26 or Older	12,694	13,438	626	664	12,068	12,773
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	6,835	7,298	493	608	6,341	6,690
12-17	1,287	1,347	83	76	1,204	1,270
18-25	2,486	2,684	182	193	2,304	2,492
26 or Older	3,062	3,267	229	339	2,833	2,928
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	17,805	18,654	744	835	17,061	17,818
12-17	1,471	1,517	63	81	1,408	1,436
18-25	5,462	5,609	223 <sup>a</sup>	308	5,239	5,301
26 or Older	10,872	11,528	458	447	10,414	11,081

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.120B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2003 and 2004**

Dependence or Abuse/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG OR ALCOHOL<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	9.1	9.4	13.4	14.1	8.9	9.2
12-17	8.9	8.8	10.3	10.0	8.8	8.8
18-25	21.0	21.2	17.4 <sup>a</sup>	21.4	21.3	21.2
26 or Older	7.0	7.3	12.6	12.5	6.9	7.2
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ILLICIT DRUG<sup>1,2</sup></b>						
Total	2.9	3.0	6.2	7.2	2.8	2.9
12-17	5.1	5.3	7.3	6.2	5.0	5.3
18-25	7.8	8.3	9.7	10.1	7.7	8.2
26 or Older	1.7	1.8	4.6	6.4	1.6	1.6
<b>DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE FOR ALCOHOL<sup>1</sup></b>						
Total	7.5	7.8	9.3	9.9	7.4	7.7
12-17	5.9	6.0	5.5	6.6	5.9	6.0
18-25	17.2	17.4	11.9 <sup>a</sup>	16.1	17.6	17.5
26 or Older	6.0	6.3	9.3	8.4	5.9	6.2

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

<sup>a</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

<sup>b</sup> Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

<sup>1</sup> Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>2</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.