

**Table 6.80C Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Chores at Home	67	16	32	40	31	14
School or Work	69	14	27	41	34	17
Close Relationships with Family	69	11	27	37	41	21
Social Life	69	10	27	36	43	21
Overall <sup>2</sup>	70	3	16	31	47	30
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	1.78	N/A	4.53	1.96	2.36	6.11

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks youths to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.80D Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Chores at Home	0.00	0.73	1.28	1.42	1.26	0.65
School or Work	0.00	0.63	1.14	1.39	1.27	0.77
Close Relationships with Family	0.00	0.50	1.13	1.41	1.45	0.91
Social Life	0.00	0.45	1.15	1.34	1.46	0.93
Overall <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.14	0.69	1.20	1.39	1.17
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	1.78	N/A	4.53	1.96	2.36	6.11

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks youths to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.81C Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 18 or Older with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Home Management	625	81	241	337	373	209
Work	611	150	282	314	331	205
Close Relationships with Others	621	133	283	346	346	221
Social Life	620	110	261	320	364	217
Overall <sup>2</sup>	634	56	186	296	412	287
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	3.63	N/A	*	3.48	4.42	11.25

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks adults to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.81D Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 18 or Older with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Home Management	0.00	0.49	1.31	1.75	1.78	1.17
Work	0.00	0.96	1.57	1.71	1.80	1.26
Close Relationships with Others	0.00	0.79	1.50	1.77	1.85	1.25
Social Life	0.00	0.65	1.43	1.67	1.80	1.19
Overall <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.32	1.03	1.55	1.79	1.49
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	3.63	N/A	*	3.48	4.42	11.25

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks adults to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).