

Table 7.78A Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	4,520	4,433	1,690	1,626	2,830	2,807
Marijuana and Hashish	3,858	3,709	1,451	1,395	2,407	2,315
Cocaine	459	482	166	155	293	327
Crack	39	57	3	9	37	48
Heroin	18	31	0	8	17	23
Hallucinogens	413	355	144	122	269	233
LSD	59	66	29	15	31	51
PCP	27	17	1	4	26	13
Ecstasy	167	157	50	42	116	115
Inhalants	95	109	47	49	48	60
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	1,316	1,425	456	457	861	968
Pain Relievers	1,041	1,090	343	332	698	758
OxyContin [®]	--	112	--	40	--	72
Tranquilizers	347	401	101	111	246	290
Stimulants	259 ^b	366	104	147	155 ^a	219
Methamphetamine	96	137	4	12	91	125
Sedatives	31	37	7	13	23	24
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	1,842	1,884	683	602	1,159	1,282

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs

Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.78B Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	22.1	21.5	21.4	20.2	22.5	22.3
Marijuana and Hashish	18.9	18.0	18.4	17.3	19.1	18.4
Cocaine	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.3	2.6
Crack	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4
Heroin	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
Hallucinogens	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.5	2.1	1.9
LSD	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
PCP	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
Ecstasy	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9
Inhalants	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	6.4	6.9	5.8	5.7	6.8	7.7
Pain Relievers	5.1	5.3	4.4	4.1	5.5	6.0
OxyContin [®]	--	0.5	--	0.5	--	0.6
Tranquilizers	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.3
Stimulants	1.3 ^b	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.2 ^a	1.7
Methamphetamine	0.5	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.0
Sedatives	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	9.0	9.1	8.7	7.5	9.2	10.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs

Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.79A Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Male Undergraduates		Other Males Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	2,702	2,646	923	884	1,779	1,761
Marijuana and Hashish	2,370	2,306	810	804	1,561	1,503
Cocaine	294	288	87	93	207	194
Crack	31	34	3	5	29	30
Heroin	8	20	*	5	8	15
Hallucinogens	289	250	100	85	189	164
LSD	49	55	23	10	26	45
PCP	23	14	1	3	21	12
Ecstasy	88	97	26	22	62	75
Inhalants	69	79	31	37	38	42
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	755	750	242	218	513	532
Pain Relievers	594	576	187	151	406	425
OxyContin [®]	--	60	--	23	--	38
Tranquilizers	188	196	56	55	132	141
Stimulants	166	176	53	79	113	97
Methamphetamine	74	67	1	6	72	61
Sedatives	19	18	1	7	18	11
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	1,111	1,064	384	313	728	750

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.79B Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Male Undergraduates		Other Males Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	26.2	25.2	25.5	23.6	26.5	26.1
Marijuana and Hashish	22.9	21.9	22.4	21.5	23.2	22.2
Cocaine	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.5	3.1	2.9
Crack	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4
Heroin	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.2
Hallucinogens	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.8	2.4
LSD	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.7
PCP	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2
Ecstasy	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.1
Inhalants	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.6
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	7.3	7.1	6.7	5.8	7.6	7.9
Pain Relievers	5.7	5.5	5.2	4.0	6.1	6.3
OxyContin [®]	--	0.6	--	0.6	--	0.6
Tranquilizers	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.1
Stimulants	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.1	1.7	1.4
Methamphetamine	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.9
Sedatives	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.2
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	10.8	10.1	10.6	8.4	10.8	11.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs

Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.80A Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Female Undergraduates		Other Females Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	1,818	1,788	767	741	1,051	1,046
Marijuana and Hashish	1,488	1,403	641	591	847	812
Cocaine	164	195	79	62	85 ^a	133
Crack	8 ^a	23	*	4	8	19
Heroin	10	11	0	3	10	7
Hallucinogens	124	105	44	36	80	69
LSD	10	11	5	5	5	6
PCP	5	2	*	1	5	2
Ecstasy	79	60	24	20	54	40
Inhalants	26	30	16	12	10	18
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	561 ^a	675	213	239	348 ^a	436
Pain Relievers	447	514	156	181	291	333
OxyContin [®]	--	52	--	17	--	34
Tranquilizers	159	204	45	55	114	149
Stimulants	93 ^b	189	51	67	42 ^b	122
Methamphetamine	22 ^b	70	3	6	19 ^b	64
Sedatives	11	18	6	6	5	12
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	731	821	300	289	431 ^a	532

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.80B Types of Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Drug	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Female Undergraduates		Other Females Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
ILLCIT DRUG³	17.9	17.7	18.0	17.2	17.9	18.0
Marijuana and Hashish	14.7	13.9	15.0	13.7	14.5	14.0
Cocaine	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.5 ^a	2.3
Crack	0.1 ^a	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.3
Heroin	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1
Hallucinogens	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.2
LSD	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PCP	0.0	0.0	*	0.0	0.1	0.0
Ecstasy	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.7
Inhalants	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3
Nonmedical Use of Psychotherapeutics ⁴	5.5 ^a	6.7	5.0	5.5	5.9 ^a	7.5
Pain Relievers	4.4	5.1	3.6	4.2	5.0	5.7
OxyContin [®]	--	0.5	--	0.4	--	0.6
Tranquilizers	1.6	2.0	1.0	1.3	2.0	2.6
Stimulants	0.9 ^b	1.9	1.2	1.6	0.7 ^b	2.1
Methamphetamine	0.2 ^b	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.3 ^b	1.1
Sedatives	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
ILLCIT DRUG OTHER THAN MARIJUANA³	7.2	8.1	7.0	6.7	7.4 ^a	9.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all Females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.³ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs

Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

⁴ Nonmedical use of prescription-type pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.81A Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics:
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	4,520	4,433	1,690	1,626	2,830	2,807
AGE						
18	1,042	974	279	309	763	665
19	914	897	430	388	484	509
20	967	851	415	362	552	489
21	812	885	314	328	498	558
22	786	826	252	239	533	587
GENDER						
Male	2,702	2,646	923	884	1,779	1,761
Female	1,818	1,788	767	741	1,051	1,046
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	3,907	3,830	1,540	1,463	2,367	2,367
White	3,125	3,075	1,270	1,228	1,855	1,847
Black or African American	546	532	167	154	379	378
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	110	84	69	55	41	28
Two or More Races	75	82	*	18	51	63
Hispanic or Latino	613	603	150	162	463	441

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.81B Illicit Drug Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	22.1	21.5	21.4	20.2	22.5	22.3
AGE						
18	22.6	21.2	18.9	19.2	24.3	22.3
19	23.5	22.8	22.6	20.1	24.4	25.3
20	24.0	21.3	23.8	20.3	24.2	22.1
21	20.7	21.7	20.2	20.4	21.1	22.6
22	19.6	20.5	20.8	21.1	19.0	20.3
GENDER						
Male	26.2	25.2	25.5	23.6	26.5	26.1
Female	17.9	17.7	18.0	17.2	17.9	18.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	23.0	22.5	21.8	20.3	23.9	24.1
White	24.6	23.8	23.5	22.1	25.3	25.2
Black or African American	18.9	19.1	17.3	16.7	19.8	20.3
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	12.5	9.5	12.8	9.2	12.2	10.2
Two or More Races	30.3	33.3	*	25.4	35.2	36.5
Hispanic or Latino	17.5	16.7	18.3	19.2	17.3	16.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.82A Marijuana Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics:
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	3,858	3,709	1,451	1,395	2,407	2,315
AGE						
18	897	790	237	256	660 ^a	534
19	795	748	375	343	421	405
20	799	744	355	321	444	423
21	699	736	281	274	418	463
22	668	692	203	201	464	490
GENDER						
Male	2,370	2,306	810	804	1,561	1,503
Female	1,488	1,403	641	591	847	812
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	3,396	3,280	1,349	1,261	2,047	2,019
White	2,701	2,627	1,110	1,066	1,591	1,561
Black or African American	496	468	156	137	339	331
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	91	57	58	36	34	21
Two or More Races	67	73	*	15	47	58
Hispanic or Latino	461	429	101	133	360	296

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.82B Marijuana Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	18.9	18.0	18.4	17.3	19.1	18.4
AGE						
18	19.5	17.2	16.1	15.9	21.1	17.9
19	20.5	19.0	19.7	17.8	21.2	20.1
20	19.8	18.6	20.4	18.0	19.4	19.1
21	17.8	18.0	18.0	17.0	17.7	18.7
22	16.6	17.2	16.8	17.8	16.6	17.0
GENDER						
Male	22.9	21.9	22.4	21.5	23.2	22.2
Female	14.7	13.9	15.0	13.7	14.5	14.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	20.0	19.3	19.1	17.5	20.7	20.6
White	21.2	20.4	20.5	19.2	21.7	21.3
Black or African American	17.2	16.8	16.2	14.8	17.7	17.8
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	10.4	6.5	10.6	6.1	10.0	7.4
Two or More Races	27.2	29.9	*	20.6	32.5	33.7
Hispanic or Latino	13.1	11.9	12.3	15.7	13.4	10.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.83A Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	9,103	9,151	2,874	2,962	6,228	6,188
Cigarettes	8,166	8,074	2,476	2,458	5,689	5,616
Smokeless Tobacco	949	1,044	298 ^b	430	651	614
Cigars	2,556 ^b	2,870	826	961	1,731	1,909
Pipe Tobacco	212 ^a	301	73	99	139 ^a	201
ALCOHOL	11,987	12,025	5,115	5,025	6,868	6,999
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	8,292	8,451	3,429	3,497	4,862	4,954
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	3,078	3,200	1,389	1,502	1,690	1,698

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.83B Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	44.5	44.4	36.4	36.8	49.5	49.3
Cigarettes	39.9	39.2	31.4	30.5	45.3	44.7
Smokeless Tobacco	4.6	5.1	3.8 ^b	5.3	5.2	4.9
Cigars	12.5 ^b	13.9	10.5	11.9	13.8 ^a	15.2
Pipe Tobacco	1.0 ^a	1.5	0.9	1.2	1.1 ^a	1.6
ALCOHOL	58.6	58.3	64.9	62.4	54.6	55.7
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	40.5	41.0	43.5	43.4	38.7	39.4
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	15.0	15.5	17.6	18.6	13.4	13.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.84A Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Male Undergraduates		Other Males Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	5,260	5,399	1,502	1,646	3,757	3,753
Cigarettes	4,515	4,512	1,185	1,233	3,330	3,279
Smokeless Tobacco	901	1,003	275 ^b	416	625	587
Cigars	1,953 ^b	2,228	625	723	1,328 ^a	1,505
Pipe Tobacco	165 ^b	263	50 ^a	96	115 ^a	167
ALCOHOL	6,507	6,521	2,477	2,441	4,030	4,079
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	5,044	5,154	1,866	1,924	3,178	3,230
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	2,148	2,229	862	978	1,286	1,251

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.84B Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Male Undergraduates		Other Males Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	50.9	51.4	41.5	43.9	56.0	55.5
Cigarettes	43.7	42.9	32.8	32.9	49.6	48.5
Smokeless Tobacco	8.7	9.5	7.6 ^b	11.1	9.3	8.7
Cigars	18.9 ^b	21.2	17.3	19.3	19.8 ^a	22.3
Pipe Tobacco	1.6 ^b	2.5	1.4 ^a	2.6	1.7	2.5
ALCOHOL	63.0	62.1	68.5	65.1	60.0	60.3
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	48.8	49.0	51.6	51.4	47.3	47.8
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	20.8	21.2	23.8	26.1	19.1	18.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.85A Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Female Undergraduates		Other Females Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	3,843	3,752	1,372	1,316	2,471	2,436
Cigarettes	3,651	3,562	1,292	1,225	2,359	2,337
Smokeless Tobacco	49	41	23	14	26	27
Cigars	603	642	201	237	402	404
Pipe Tobacco	47	37	23 ^a	3	24	34
ALCOHOL	5,480	5,504	2,638	2,584	2,839	2,920
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	3,248	3,296	1,563	1,573	1,685	1,723
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	931	971	527	524	404	446

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.85B Tobacco Product and Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Substance	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Female Undergraduates		Other Females Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOBACCO PRODUCT³	37.9	37.1	32.1	30.5	42.2	42.0
Cigarettes	36.0	35.2	30.3	28.4	40.3	40.3
Smokeless Tobacco	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5
Cigars	6.0	6.3	4.7	5.5	6.9	7.0
Pipe Tobacco	0.5	0.4	0.5 ^a	0.1	0.4	0.6
ALCOHOL	54.1	54.4	61.8	59.9	48.5	50.3
Binge Alcohol Use ⁴	32.1	32.6	36.6	36.5	28.8	29.7
Heavy Alcohol Use ⁴	9.2	9.6	12.3	12.2	6.9	7.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Tobacco products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁴ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.86A Cigarette Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	8,166	8,074	2,476	2,458	5,689	5,616
AGE						
18	1,551	1,597	372	436	1,179	1,161
19	1,445	1,464	583	513	862	951
20	1,775	1,608	606	600	1,169 ^a	1,008
21	1,647	1,680	528	523	1,119	1,157
22	1,749	1,725	388	387	1,361	1,338
GENDER						
Male	4,515	4,512	1,185	1,233	3,330	3,279
Female	3,651	3,562	1,292	1,225	2,359	2,337
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	6,956	6,892	2,254	2,217	4,702	4,675
White	5,740	5,758	1,939	1,939	3,800	3,820
Black or African American	785	762	152	145	632	617
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	54	*	*	*	48
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	226	183	115	104	112	79
Two or More Races	105	106	*	17	75	88
Hispanic or Latino	1,210	1,182	223	242	987	941

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.86B Cigarette Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	39.9	39.2	31.4	30.5	45.3	44.7
AGE						
18	33.7	34.8	25.3	27.1	37.6	38.9
19	37.2	37.2	30.7	26.6	43.4	47.3
20	44.1 ^a	40.3	34.8	33.7	51.2 ^a	45.6
21	42.0	41.2	33.9	32.5	47.3	46.8
22	43.5	42.9	32.0	34.1	48.5	46.4
GENDER						
Male	43.7	42.9	32.8	32.9	49.6	48.5
Female	36.0	35.2	30.3	28.4	40.3	40.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	41.0	40.5	31.9	30.7	47.6	47.7
White	45.1	44.6	35.9	34.9	51.9	52.0
Black or African American	27.2	27.4	15.7	15.7	33.0	33.2
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	44.1	*	*	*	53.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	25.8	20.8	21.2	17.3	33.2	28.2
Two or More Races	42.6	43.1	*	24.3	52.1	51.0
Hispanic or Latino	34.5	32.8	27.1	28.5	36.8	34.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.87A Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	11,987	12,025	5,115	5,025	6,868	6,999
AGE						
18	2,012	2,130	753	852	1,259	1,278
19	2,038	2,027	1,110	1,037	927	990
20	2,401	2,246	1,143	1,108	1,257	1,139
21	2,734	2,846	1,216	1,189	1,515	1,657
22	2,803	2,776	892	840	1,910	1,934
GENDER						
Male	6,507	6,521	2,477	2,441	4,030	4,079
Female	5,480	5,504	2,638	2,584	2,839	2,920
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	10,265	10,303	4,650	4,576	5,612	5,726
White	8,356	8,467	3,836	3,858	4,517	4,607
Black or African American	1,219	1,244	444	434	775	810
American Indian or Alaska Native	63	*	*	*	*	49
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	408	336	269	222	139	114
Two or More Races	160	158	*	*	87	119
Hispanic or Latino	1,722	1,722	464	449	1,256	1,273

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.87B Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	58.6	58.3	64.9	62.4	54.6	55.7
AGE						
18	43.7	46.3	51.1	52.9	40.2	42.8
19	52.4	51.5	58.5	53.8	46.7	49.3
20	59.6	56.3	65.6	62.2	55.0	51.5
21	69.7	69.8	78.0	73.9	64.1	67.1
22	69.8	69.1	73.6	74.1	68.1	67.1
GENDER						
Male	63.0	62.1	68.5	65.1	60.0	60.3
Female	54.1	54.4	61.8	59.9	48.5	50.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	60.6	60.5	65.8	63.5	56.8	58.4
White	65.7	65.6	71.0	69.4	61.7	62.7
Black or African American	42.2	44.7	45.9	47.0	40.4	43.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	56.8	*	*	*	*	55.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	46.5	38.2	49.8 ^a	37.1	41.4	40.7
Two or More Races	64.7	64.5	*	*	60.2	69.0
Hispanic or Latino	49.1	47.8	56.4	53.0	46.8	46.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.88A Binge Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics:
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	8,292	8,451	3,429	3,497	4,862	4,954
AGE						
18	1,454	1,522	532	594	921	928
19	1,412	1,472	721	738	690	734
20	1,666	1,610	762	806	904	804
21	1,876	1,965	803	813	1,072	1,152
22	1,886	1,882	611	546	1,275	1,335
GENDER						
Male	5,044	5,154	1,866	1,924	3,178	3,230
Female	3,248	3,296	1,563	1,573	1,685	1,723
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	7,085	7,190	3,125	3,181	3,959	4,008
White	6,022	6,178	2,741	2,837	3,280	3,341
Black or African American	635	652	184	194	452	458
American Indian or Alaska Native	51	47	*	*	*	41
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	238	178	144	105	94	*
Two or More Races	90	109	*	*	55	78
Hispanic or Latino	1,208	1,261	303	316	903	945

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.88B Binge Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	40.5	41.0	43.5	43.4	38.7	39.4
AGE						
18	31.5	33.1	36.1	36.9	29.4	31.1
19	36.3	37.4	37.9	38.3	34.7	36.5
20	41.4	40.3	43.7	45.3	39.6	36.4
21	47.8	48.2	51.5	50.6	45.4	46.6
22	47.0	46.8	50.4	48.2	45.5	46.3
GENDER						
Male	48.8	49.0	51.6	51.4	47.3	47.8
Female	32.1	32.6	36.6	36.5	28.8	29.7
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	41.8	42.3	44.2	44.1	40.0	40.9
White	47.3	47.9	50.7	51.1	44.8	45.5
Black or African American	22.0	23.4	19.0	21.0	23.6	24.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	45.7	38.0	*	*	*	45.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	27.2	20.2	26.7	17.5	28.0	*
Two or More Races	36.7	44.3	*	*	38.1	45.3
Hispanic or Latino	34.4	35.0	36.8	37.3	33.6	34.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

**Table 7.89A Heavy Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics:
Numbers in Thousands, 2003 and 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	3,078	3,200	1,389	1,502	1,690	1,698
AGE						
18	464	507	204	213	260	295
19	535	548	276	310	259	238
20	647	649	323	377	324	271
21	735	781	332	357	403	425
22	699	715	254	246	445	469
GENDER						
Male	2,148	2,229	862	978	1,286	1,251
Female	931	971	527	524	404	446
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,723	2,870	1,302	1,411	1,421	1,459
White	2,446	2,602	1,211	1,315	1,235	1,287
Black or African American	145	146	30	48	114	98
American Indian or Alaska Native	15	13	*	*	14	10
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	70	50	39	32	31	18
Two or More Races	37	49	*	*	19	*
Hispanic or Latino	356	331	87	92	269	239

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 7.89B Heavy Alcohol Use in the Past Month among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2003 and 2004

Demographic Characteristic	Total ¹		COLLEGE ENROLLMENT STATUS			
			Full-Time Undergraduates		Other Persons Aged 18-22 ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004
TOTAL	15.0	15.5	17.6	18.6	13.4	13.5
AGE						
18	10.1	11.0	13.8	13.2	8.3	9.9
19	13.8	13.9	14.5	16.1	13.0	11.8
20	16.1	16.3	18.5	21.2	14.2	12.3
21	18.7	19.2	21.3	22.2	17.1	17.2
22	17.4	17.8	21.0	21.7	15.9	16.3
GENDER						
Male	20.8	21.2	23.8	26.1	19.1	18.5
Female	9.2	9.6	12.3	12.2	6.9	7.7
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE						
Not Hispanic or Latino	16.1	16.9	18.4	19.6	14.4	14.9
White	19.2	20.2	22.4	23.7	16.9	17.5
Black or African American	5.0	5.2	3.1	5.2	6.0	5.3
American Indian or Alaska Native	13.8	10.3	*	*	14.3	11.2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	8.0	5.7	7.3	5.3	9.2	6.4
Two or More Races	15.2	19.8	*	*	13.3	*
Hispanic or Latino	10.1	9.2	10.5	10.8	10.0	8.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days.

^a Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2004 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.