

Table 8.16A Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Household Participation in Selected Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: 2003 and 2004

Government Assistance Program/Age	HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM			
	Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS				
Total	32,154	35,561	205,528	204,954
12-17	4,437	4,681	20,558	20,533
18-25	5,188	5,593	26,540	26,601
26 or Older	22,529	25,287	158,429	157,820
SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)				
Total	15,570	16,707	222,112	223,808
12-17	1,885	1,804	23,110	23,410
18-25	1,645	1,626	30,083	30,568
26 or Older	12,040	13,277	168,918	169,830
FOOD STAMPS				
Total	16,885	19,962	220,797	220,553
12-17	2,819	3,058	22,177	22,156
18-25	3,140	3,614	28,589	28,580
26 or Older	10,927	13,290	170,031	169,816
CASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	6,995	7,148	230,687	233,367
12-17	1,267	1,196	23,728	24,018
18-25	1,527	1,527	30,201	30,667
26 or Older	4,201	4,425	176,758	178,682
NONCASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	7,965	8,454	229,717	232,061
12-17	1,136	1,223	23,860	23,991
18-25	1,879	1,910	29,849	30,284
26 or Older	4,950	5,320	176,009	177,786

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more family members receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.

Table 8.16N Survey Sample Size for Respondents Aged 12 or Older, by Household Participation in Selected Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: 2003 and 2004

Government Assistance Program/Age	HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM			
	Yes		No	
	2003	2004	2003	2004
ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS				
Total	10,930	11,618	56,854	56,142
12-17	4,063	4,216	18,602	18,085
18-25	3,862	4,125	18,876	18,704
26 or Older	3,005	3,277	19,376	19,353
SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)				
Total	4,120	4,159	63,664	63,601
12-17	1,637	1,574	21,028	20,727
18-25	1,131	1,130	21,607	21,699
26 or Older	1,352	1,455	21,029	21,175
FOOD STAMPS				
Total	6,654	7,472	61,130	60,288
12-17	2,615	2,830	20,050	19,471
18-25	2,378	2,709	20,360	20,120
26 or Older	1,661	1,933	20,720	20,697
CASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	2,841	2,845	64,943	64,915
12-17	1,116	1,090	21,549	21,211
18-25	1,103	1,115	21,635	21,714
26 or Older	622	640	21,759	21,990
NONCASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	3,356	3,437	64,428	64,323
12-17	1,087	1,096	21,578	21,205
18-25	1,466	1,490	21,272	21,339
26 or Older	803	851	21,578	21,779

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more family members receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003 and 2004.