

Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) Highlights - 2006

National Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment Services

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
Office of Applied Studies

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HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents summary results from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) for 2006. The report provides information on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of the 1.8 million annual admissions to treatment for abuse of alcohol and drugs in facilities that report to individual State administrative data systems [Table 1a].

This summary report is issued in advance of the full TEDS report for 1996-2006. It includes demographic data and all items from the TEDS Minimum Data Set. The full report also will include data from the Supplemental Data Set, State data, and State rates.

TEDS is an admission-based system, and TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. Thus, for example, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions.

TEDS does not include all admissions to substance abuse treatment. It includes admissions to facilities that are licensed or certified by the State substance abuse agency to provide substance abuse treatment (or are administratively tracked by the agency for other reasons). In general, facilities reporting TEDS data are those that receive State alcohol and/or drug agency funds (including Federal Block Grant funds) for the provision of alcohol and/or drug treatment services.

Major Substances of Abuse

- Five substances accounted for 96 percent of all TEDS admissions in 2006: alcohol (40 percent); opiates (18 percent; primarily heroin); marijuana/hashish (16 percent); cocaine (14 percent); and stimulants (9 percent, primarily methamphetamine) [Table 1b].

Alcohol

- Alcohol as a primary substance accounted for 40 percent of TEDS admissions in 2006, down from 51 percent in 1996. Forty-five percent of primary alcohol admissions reported secondary drug abuse as well [Tables 1a and 1b].
- About three-quarters of admissions for abuse of alcohol alone and for abuse of alcohol with secondary drug abuse were male (75 percent and 74 percent, respectively) [Table 2a].

- More than two-thirds (69 percent) of all alcohol-only admissions were non-Hispanic White, 13 percent were of Hispanic origin, and 11 percent were non-Hispanic Black. Among admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse, 60 percent were non-Hispanic White, followed by 24 percent who were non-Hispanic Black and 11 percent who were of Hispanic origin [Table 2a].
- For alcohol-only admissions, the average age at admission was 39 years, compared with 35 years among admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse [Table 2a].

Heroin

- Heroin as a primary substance increased from 14 percent of all TEDS admissions in 1996 to 16 percent in 2001, then declined to 14 percent in 2006 [Table 1b].

- About two-thirds (68 percent) of primary heroin admissions were male [Table 2a].
- More than half (52 percent) of primary heroin admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 24 percent who were of Hispanic origin and 22 percent who were non-Hispanic Black [Table 2a].
- For primary heroin admissions, the average age at admission was 36 years [Table 2a].
- Sixty-four percent of primary heroin admissions reported injection as the route of administration, 32 percent reported inhalation, and 2 percent reported smoking [Table 3].

Other Opiates¹

- TEDS admissions for primary abuse of opiates other than heroin increased from 1 percent of all admissions in 1996 to 4 percent in 2006 [Table 1b].
- Just over half (54 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Most primary non-heroin opiate admissions (88 percent) were non-Hispanic White [Table 2a].
- For primary non-heroin opiate admissions, the average age at admission was 33 years [Table 2a].
- Almost three-quarters (72 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions reported oral as the route of administration, 14 percent reported inhalation, and 11 percent reported injection [Table 3].

¹ These drugs include codeine, hydrocodone, hydro-morphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects. Non-prescription use of methadone is not included.

Cocaine/Crack

- The proportion of admissions for primary cocaine abuse declined from 16 percent in 1996 to 13 percent in 2001 and 2002, then increased slightly to 14 percent in 2004 through 2006 [Table 1b].
- Smoked cocaine (crack) represented 71 percent of all primary cocaine admissions in 2006 [Tables 1a and 1b].
- Fifty-eight percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions were male, compared with 65 percent of non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary smoked cocaine admissions, 49 percent were non-Hispanic Black, 41 percent were non-Hispanic White, and 8 percent were of Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic Whites predominated (54 percent) among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, followed by non-Hispanic Blacks (25 percent) and persons of Hispanic origin (18 percent) [Table 2a].
- For primary smoked cocaine admissions, the average age at admission was 38 years, compared with 33 years for non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, 80 percent reported inhalation as the route of administration, 11 percent reported injection, and 7 percent reported oral [Table 3].

Marijuana/Hashish

- The proportion of admissions for primary marijuana abuse increased from 12 percent in 1996 to 16 percent in 2004 through 2006 [Table 1b].
- Nearly three-quarters (74 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were male [Table 2a].

- Over half (52 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 29 percent who were non-Hispanic Black and 14 percent who were of Hispanic origin [Table 2a].
- For primary marijuana admissions, the average age at admission was 24 years [Table 2a].

Methamphetamine/Amphetamine and Other Stimulants

- The proportion of admissions for abuse of methamphetamine/amphetamine and other stimulants increased from 3 percent to 9 percent between 1996 and 2006 [Table 1b].
- Fifty-four percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Two-thirds (68 percent) of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 19 percent who were of Hispanic origin and 3 percent each who were Asian/Pacific Islander or non-Hispanic Black [Table 2a].
- For primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, the average age at admission was 31 years [Table 2a].
- Sixty-five percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions reported smoking as the route of administration, 18 percent reported injection, and 11 percent reported inhalation [Table 3].

Race/Ethnicity

Among all racial/ethnic groups except Hispanics of Puerto Rican origin, primary alcohol use (alone or in combination with other drugs) was the most frequently reported substance at treatment admission. However, the proportion reporting use of the next four most common

substances (opiates, marijuana, cocaine, and stimulants) varied considerably by racial/ethnic group.

- Among non-Hispanic Whites, alcohol (43 percent) was followed by opiates (18 percent), marijuana (14 percent), and cocaine and stimulants (10 percent each) [Table 2b].
- Among non-Hispanic Blacks, alcohol (31 percent) was followed by cocaine (27 percent), marijuana (22 percent), and opiates (15 percent). Only 1 percent reported stimulants as a primary substance [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Mexican origin, alcohol (36 percent) was followed by stimulants (22 percent), marijuana (18 percent), opiates (14 percent), and cocaine (9 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Puerto Rican origin, opiates (46 percent) were the most frequently reported substance at admission, followed by alcohol (25 percent), and marijuana and cocaine (13 percent each). Only one percent reported stimulants as a primary substance [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Cuban origin, alcohol (35 percent) was followed by opiates (31 percent), cocaine (16 percent), marijuana (10 percent), and stimulants (3 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Alaska Natives, alcohol (47 percent) was followed by opiates (21 percent), marijuana (11 percent), cocaine (10 percent), and stimulants (9 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among American Indians, alcohol (64 percent) was followed by marijuana (13 percent), stimulants (10 percent), and opiates (6 percent), and cocaine (5 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Asians/Pacific Islanders, alcohol (33 percent) was followed by stimulants (27 percent), marijuana (20 percent), and opiates and cocaine (9 percent each) [Table 2b].

Type of Service

- Sixty-three percent of TEDS admissions in 2006 entered ambulatory treatment, 20 percent entered detoxification, and 17 percent entered residential/rehabilitation treatment [Table 4].
- Admissions for primary marijuana abuse had the largest proportion of admissions to ambulatory treatment (84 percent). Admissions for inhalant abuse had the next largest proportion admitted to ambulatory treatment (70 percent) [Table 4].
- Primary heroin admissions, tranquilizer admissions, and admissions for abuse of alcohol alone had the largest proportions of admissions to detoxification (34 percent for heroin, and 30 percent each for tranquilizers and alcohol alone) [Table 4].
- Admissions for primary smoked cocaine had the largest proportion of admissions to residential/rehabilitation treatment (30 percent), followed by admissions for PCP (27 percent), hallucinogens (26 percent), methamphetamine/amphetamines (25 percent), and non-smoked cocaine (24 percent) [Table 4].

Opioid Replacement Therapy

- Overall, opioid replacement therapy (medication-assisted therapy with methadone or buprenorphine) was planned for 5 percent of TEDS admissions in 2006. Opioid replacement therapy was planned for 29 percent of primary heroin admissions and for 21 percent of admissions for opiates other than heroin [Table 4].

Source of Referral to Treatment

- In 2006, more than one-third (38 percent) of TEDS admissions were referred to treatment through the criminal justice system. Primary marijuana and PCP admissions had the largest proportion of admissions referred through the criminal justice system (58 percent each), followed by methamphetamine/amphetamine (55 percent) [Table 4].
- One-third (33 percent) of TEDS admissions in 2006 represented self- or individual referrals. Primary heroin admissions had the largest proportion of self- or individual referrals (59 percent), followed by admissions for opiates other than heroin (52 percent) [Table 4].

Employment Status

- In 2006, admissions for alcohol only were the most likely to be employed (43 percent). The proportion employed was lowest (16 percent) among admissions for smoked cocaine. The proportion not in the labor force was highest (49 percent) among admissions for heroin and lowest (29 percent) among admissions for abuse of alcohol only [Table 5].

Educational Level

- In 2006, educational level was highest (more than 12 years of education) among admissions for sedatives (34 percent) followed by admissions for alcohol only (31 percent) [Table 5].

Table 1a
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1996-2006
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	1,643,731	1,607,957	1,712,268	1,725,885	1,759,420	1,781,019	1,901,007	1,868,340	1,892,154	1,861,209	1,800,717
Alcohol	832,844	796,674	828,252	824,641	813,134	788,522	813,719	776,257	755,068	731,098	714,032
Alcohol only	473,536	445,699	462,692	461,532	454,447	433,716	448,999	431,035	418,006	403,403	393,810
Alcohol w/secondary drug	359,308	350,975	365,560	363,109	358,687	354,806	364,720	345,222	337,062	327,695	320,222
Opiates	240,971	251,417	267,010	280,145	298,865	315,932	332,357	326,840	329,148	325,693	320,734
Heroin	224,366	235,143	247,069	257,508	270,419	277,697	286,219	273,963	264,466	256,751	245,984
Other opiates/synthetics	16,605	16,274	19,941	22,637	28,446	38,235	46,138	52,877	64,682	68,942	74,750
Non-RX methadone	1,302	1,209	1,576	1,606	1,869	2,051	2,561	2,719	3,371	3,885	4,346
Other opiates/synthetics	15,303	15,065	18,365	21,031	26,577	36,184	43,577	50,158	61,311	65,057	70,404
Cocaine	263,896	236,770	254,365	242,143	238,766	230,948	245,686	254,660	263,294	261,436	250,135
Smoked cocaine	195,751	174,900	186,973	176,507	174,551	168,937	179,358	184,815	189,676	188,003	178,475
Non-smoked cocaine	68,145	61,870	67,392	65,636	64,215	62,011	66,328	69,845	73,618	73,433	71,660
Marijuana/hashish	192,918	197,840	220,173	232,105	250,622	266,150	289,220	291,668	307,429	297,226	289,988
Stimulants	52,964	68,166	71,356	73,568	81,419	97,545	124,433	135,247	148,222	171,292	156,486
Methamphetamine	41,045	53,694	56,517	58,801	64,481	78,575	102,908	114,631	126,701	152,698	149,415
Other amphetamines	10,940	13,737	14,010	13,890	15,697	17,529	20,160	19,331	20,485	17,627	6,228
Other stimulants	979	735	829	877	1,241	1,441	1,365	1,285	1,036	967	843
Other drugs	19,452	18,942	21,718	26,702	31,247	33,331	30,586	29,823	29,884	27,828	26,246
Tranquilizers	4,540	4,796	5,369	5,913	6,650	7,450	8,295	8,164	8,804	8,170	8,011
Benzodiazepine	3,528	3,835	4,524	5,048	5,777	6,500	7,334	7,402	8,101	7,637	7,536
Other tranquilizers	1,012	961	845	865	873	950	961	762	703	533	475
Sedatives/hypnotics	3,308	3,240	3,459	3,459	3,661	3,996	4,488	4,275	4,479	4,401	3,866
Barbiturates	1,438	1,278	1,232	1,148	1,244	1,274	1,549	1,337	1,348	1,362	989
Other sedatives/hypnotics	1,870	1,962	2,227	2,311	2,417	2,722	2,939	2,938	3,131	3,039	2,877
Hallucinogens	2,839	2,672	2,378	2,789	3,137	3,155	2,715	2,238	2,368	2,017	1,510
PCP	2,504	1,896	1,846	2,321	2,840	3,193	3,927	4,179	3,264	2,853	2,777
Inhalants	1,974	1,819	1,603	1,423	1,320	1,259	1,219	1,219	1,258	1,365	1,034
Over-the-counter	550	506	486	1,091	769	624	640	710	889	770	768
Other	3,737	4,013	6,577	9,706	12,870	13,654	9,302	9,038	8,822	8,252	8,280
None reported	40,686	38,148	49,394	46,581	45,367	48,591	65,006	53,845	59,109	46,636	43,096

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 1b
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1996-2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Alcohol	50.7	49.5	48.4	47.8	46.2	44.3	42.8	41.5	39.9	39.3	39.7
Alcohol only	28.8	27.7	27.0	26.7	25.8	24.4	23.6	23.1	22.1	21.7	21.9
Alcohol w/secondary drug	21.9	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.4	19.9	19.2	18.5	17.8	17.6	17.8
Opiates	14.7	15.6	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.7	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.5	17.8
Heroin	13.6	14.6	14.4	14.9	15.4	15.6	15.1	14.7	14.0	13.8	13.7
Other opiates/synthetics	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.4	3.7	4.2
Non-RX methadone	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other opiates/synthetics	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.2	3.5	3.9
Cocaine	16.1	14.7	14.9	14.0	13.6	13.0	12.9	13.6	13.9	14.0	13.9
Smoked cocaine	11.9	10.9	10.9	10.2	9.9	9.5	9.4	9.9	10.0	10.1	9.9
Non-smoked cocaine	4.1	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0
Marijuana/hashish	11.7	12.3	12.9	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.2	15.6	16.2	16.0	16.1
Stimulants	3.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.6	5.5	6.5	7.2	7.8	9.2	8.7
Methamphetamine	2.5	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.4	5.4	6.1	6.7	8.2	8.3
Other amphetamines	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.3
Other stimulants	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*
Other drugs	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5
Tranquilizers	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
Benzodiazepine	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Other tranquilizers	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*
Sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Barbiturates	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other sedatives/hypnotics	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Hallucinogens	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PCP	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Inhalants	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Over-the-counter	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5
None reported	2.5	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.4	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.4

* Less than 0.05 percent.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 2a
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2006
Column percent distribution and average age at admission

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,800,717	393,810	320,222	245,984	74,750	178,475	71,660	289,988	155,643	843	8,011	3,866	1,510	2,777	1,034	52,144
Gender																
Male	68.2	74.6	73.7	68.3	53.8	58.4	65.0	73.8	54.2	59.8	46.4	42.7	72.7	71.1	67.0	61.3
Female	31.8	25.4	26.3	31.7	46.2	41.6	35.0	26.2	45.8	40.2	53.6	57.3	27.3	28.9	33.0	38.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,800,241	393,736	320,166	245,944	74,731	178,440	71,650	289,927	155,550	843	8,008	3,864	1,508	2,777	1,034	52,063
Race/ethnicity																
White (non-Hispanic)	59.4	69.3	60.0	51.7	88.3	40.5	53.9	51.5	67.5	57.6	85.9	81.5	65.8	16.3	65.3	65.0
Black (non-Hispanic)	21.3	11.3	23.7	21.6	4.2	48.8	24.8	29.3	3.2	21.8	5.0	6.9	18.4	57.9	6.5	17.7
Hispanic origin	14.0	12.7	10.8	23.7	4.1	7.9	17.9	13.7	19.3	12.7	6.4	8.3	9.4	22.2	17.2	12.7
Mexican	5.8	6.7	3.5	5.4	1.4	2.5	6.7	6.4	14.5	8.8	1.7	4.2	3.1	10.4	10.9	0.9
Puerto Rican	3.8	1.5	3.5	12.7	1.0	2.7	5.6	3.1	0.4	0.8	2.3	1.1	2.6	6.4	1.7	2.0
Cuban	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.5
Other/not specified	3.9	4.1	3.4	4.7	1.4	2.3	4.9	3.9	4.2	2.9	2.0	2.1	3.2	4.9	3.7	9.3
Other	5.3	6.7	5.5	3.1	3.4	2.8	3.4	5.4	10.0	7.8	2.7	3.3	6.4	3.6	10.9	4.6
Alaska Native	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	--	*
American Indian	2.2	3.9	3.0	0.5	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.7	2.5	2.4	0.8	1.0	1.9	0.6	6.7	2.1
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.2	3.2	1.6	0.5	0.7	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.7
Other	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	4.2	3.8	1.3	1.6	2.7	2.4	3.3	1.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,790,362	391,202	318,635	245,033	74,325	177,813	71,309	288,393	154,916	833	7,977	3,830	1,494	2,758	1,023	50,821

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 2a (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2006
Column percent distribution and average age at admission

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Age at admission																
Under 15 years	1.3	0.5	0.7	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	5.0	0.4	8.0	0.7	1.4	1.9	0.2	20.2	6.5
15 to 19 years	10.4	4.5	8.2	2.9	5.0	1.9	7.6	36.1	7.3	16.6	7.9	10.1	28.7	5.9	29.7	12.0
15 to 17 years	6.4	2.2	4.6	0.4	1.5	0.6	3.5	26.0	3.4	12.2	3.7	6.1	17.5	3.0	23.0	7.8
18 to 19 years	4.0	2.3	3.6	2.4	3.5	1.3	4.1	10.1	3.9	4.4	4.3	4.1	11.1	2.9	6.7	4.2
20 to 24 years	14.4	9.8	13.0	14.6	20.7	6.8	14.8	22.0	19.6	11.9	15.7	15.4	25.6	21.7	11.3	14.4
25 to 29 years	14.0	10.3	12.8	15.5	21.3	10.2	17.4	14.5	21.3	12.9	16.4	14.1	18.0	28.7	10.8	14.6
30 to 34 years	11.3	9.7	11.0	12.4	14.0	12.7	14.5	8.0	15.9	9.1	12.3	11.9	10.3	15.9	6.8	11.3
35 to 39 years	13.1	12.6	14.5	14.8	11.5	20.1	15.1	5.8	14.4	12.6	11.8	11.3	5.5	10.8	4.8	11.6
40 to 44 years	13.9	16.2	17.1	14.8	10.3	22.5	14.4	4.3	11.4	10.0	12.4	11.3	4.6	9.1	7.0	11.2
45 to 49 years	11.1	15.6	13.0	12.5	8.7	15.9	9.5	2.6	6.5	10.1	10.9	10.0	2.9	5.6	5.2	8.8
50 to 54 years	6.2	10.6	6.3	7.9	5.2	6.8	4.4	1.2	2.3	4.9	6.8	6.5	1.2	1.4	3.1	5.3
55 to 59 years	2.8	5.8	2.3	3.5	2.2	2.3	1.5	0.4	0.7	2.9	3.2	3.0	1.1	0.5	0.6	2.6
60 to 64 years	1.0	2.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.1	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	1.0
65 years and over	0.6	1.8	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.7	3.4	0.1	*	0.2	0.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,798,354	393,440	319,751	245,883	74,622	178,256	71,510	289,402	155,442	842	7,981	3,863	1,489	2,776	1,029	52,068
Average age at admission	34 yrs	39 yrs	35 yrs	36 yrs	33 yrs	38 yrs	33 yrs	24 yrs	31 yrs	31 yrs	34 yrs	35 yrs	25 yrs	30 yrs	25 yrs	32 yrs

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 2b
Admissions by gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Row percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquillizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Total	1,800,717	21.9	17.8	13.7	4.2	9.9	4.0	16.1	8.6	*	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.9	100.0
Gender																	
Male	1,228,493	23.9	19.2	13.7	3.3	8.5	3.8	17.4	6.9	*	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.6	100.0
Female	571,748	17.5	14.7	13.6	6.0	13.0	4.4	13.3	12.4	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.5	100.0
Race/ethnicity																	
White (non-Hispanic)	1,063,878	25.5	18.0	11.9	6.2	6.8	3.6	14.0	9.8	*	0.6	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	3.1	100.0
Black (non-Hispanic)	381,426	11.6	19.8	13.9	0.8	22.7	4.6	22.2	1.3	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	*	2.4	100.0
Hispanic origin	249,903	19.9	13.8	23.2	1.2	5.6	5.1	15.8	12.0	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.6	100.0
Mexican	103,144	25.4	10.9	12.8	1.0	4.3	4.7	17.9	21.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.3	0.1	0.4	100.0
Puerto Rican	68,676	8.7	16.1	45.1	1.1	7.0	5.8	13.1	0.9	*	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	1.5	100.0
Cuban	7,861	18.2	16.7	28.0	3.3	9.9	6.4	10.3	2.7	*	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	3.2	100.0
Other/not specified	70,222	22.9	15.5	16.5	1.5	5.8	5.0	16.1	9.4	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	6.7	100.0
Other	95,155	27.5	18.4	7.9	2.6	5.2	2.6	16.4	16.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.5	100.0
Alaska Native	1,637	30.1	17.2	15.8	5.5	6.2	3.8	11.5	8.6	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	--	0.7	100.0
American Indian	38,992	39.4	24.2	3.2	2.8	3.2	1.5	12.5	9.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	0.2	2.8	100.0
Asian/Pacific Islander	18,111	19.7	13.1	6.4	2.3	6.0	2.6	19.8	27.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	2.1	100.0
Other	36,415	18.5	14.8	13.4	2.5	6.8	3.7	19.2	17.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.4	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 2b (continued)
Admissions by gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Row percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admissions	Primary substance at admission													Total		
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP		Inhalants	Other/nonespecified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Age at admission																	
Under 15 years	23,713	8.6	9.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.9	61.2	2.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.9	14.3	100.0
15 to 19 years	187,534	9.4	13.9	3.8	2.0	1.8	2.9	55.7	6.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	3.3	100.0
15 to 17 years	114,836	7.4	12.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.2	65.5	4.6	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	3.5	100.0
18 to 19 years	72,698	12.5	15.8	8.2	3.6	3.1	4.0	40.3	8.3	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	3.0	100.0
20 to 24 years	258,562	14.8	16.0	13.8	6.0	4.7	4.1	24.7	11.8	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	2.9	100.0
25 to 29 years	251,727	16.1	16.3	15.1	6.3	7.2	4.9	16.6	13.1	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	3.0	100.0
30 to 34 years	203,169	18.8	17.4	14.9	5.1	11.1	5.1	11.4	12.2	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	2.9	100.0
35 to 39 years	234,773	21.1	19.8	15.5	3.7	15.3	4.6	7.1	9.6	*	0.4	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.6	100.0
40 to 44 years	250,491	25.5	21.8	14.5	3.1	16.0	4.1	4.9	7.1	*	0.4	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.3	100.0
45 to 49 years	199,295	30.9	20.9	15.4	3.3	14.2	3.4	3.8	5.1	*	0.4	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.3	100.0
50 to 54 years	111,058	37.4	18.3	17.5	3.5	10.8	2.8	3.0	3.3	*	0.5	0.2	*	*	*	2.5	100.0
55 to 59 years	49,664	46.2	15.0	17.1	3.2	8.2	2.2	2.4	2.1	*	0.5	0.2	*	*	*	2.8	100.0
60 to 64 years	17,594	57.6	12.3	12.3	2.8	6.2	1.7	1.8	1.4	*	0.5	0.4	*	*	*	3.1	100.0
65 years and over	10,774	66.8	10.0	9.0	2.3	3.9	1.0	1.2	0.8	*	0.5	1.2	*	*	*	3.2	100.0

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 3
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use,
and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/nonespecified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,800,717	393,810	320,222	245,984	74,750	178,475	71,660	289,988	155,643	843	8,011	3,866	1,510	2,777	1,034	52,144
Frequency of use																
No use in the past month	28.0	26.4	26.6	15.0	18.6	25.6	33.9	36.0	44.6	38.1	21.7	24.9	50.6	45.4	33.7	31.1
1-3 times in the past month	12.5	15.8	12.6	3.5	4.9	11.0	15.3	16.4	15.6	11.1	8.1	9.9	12.1	16.5	19.3	8.4
1-2 times per week	9.2	12.6	9.9	2.7	3.4	9.5	11.1	10.4	9.7	8.1	5.2	7.5	8.9	9.2	10.4	5.2
3-6 times per week	11.7	13.0	12.9	6.2	9.0	15.5	14.2	11.7	11.4	14.7	8.8	14.0	10.8	9.6	11.6	7.9
Daily	38.6	32.2	38.0	72.5	64.1	38.5	25.5	25.5	18.8	28.0	56.2	43.8	17.6	19.4	24.9	47.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,729,630	378,467	314,912	244,625	74,180	176,795	70,695	287,247	154,678	839	7,947	3,812	1,474	2,754	1,015	10,190
Route of administration																
Oral	45.0	98.9	99.1	1.2	71.7	--	6.6	2.5	4.7	63.2	92.0	92.1	68.7	6.2	6.6	64.9
Smoking	33.2	0.7	0.6	2.2	2.3	100.0	--	96.2	65.1	24.8	3.5	3.0	17.5	90.1	3.7	12.7
Inhalation	11.8	0.2	0.1	32.0	14.0	--	79.5	0.9	10.9	6.7	3.1	2.3	4.3	2.6	84.9	6.7
Injection	9.7	0.1	0.1	64.1	11.3	--	11.4	0.2	18.3	4.5	1.1	2.1	8.0	0.8	3.2	3.6
Other	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.8	--	2.4	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.4	0.3	1.6	12.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,727,426	376,858	312,983	244,370	74,187	178,475	70,448	288,635	153,862	842	7,964	3,820	1,495	2,725	1,025	9,737

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 3 (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use,
and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/nonespecified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Age at first use																
12 years or under	13.2	14.0	23.6	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.5	25.2	5.9	20.0	4.1	4.9	9.1	6.9	27.1	12.5
13 to 14 years	16.5	16.6	24.4	6.7	4.7	4.9	7.3	31.0	12.5	10.1	7.6	8.7	17.7	14.0	25.9	10.2
15 to 16 years	21.0	27.5	27.5	13.1	11.2	9.7	15.5	25.2	17.8	20.6	13.2	13.1	24.8	21.6	18.7	14.6
17 to 18 years	16.3	22.0	14.2	18.2	13.2	13.6	18.8	11.1	16.8	12.5	11.6	12.0	20.0	20.3	9.6	12.6
19 to 20 years	8.3	7.9	4.2	14.1	11.6	11.3	13.1	3.4	10.3	7.9	9.6	8.4	8.9	11.3	6.3	8.3
21 to 25 years	11.8	8.4	4.1	21.0	20.8	22.9	20.6	2.8	16.4	14.5	15.7	15.3	10.8	15.8	3.8	13.5
26 to 30 years	5.9	1.8	1.0	11.6	13.2	15.5	10.5	0.8	9.1	5.7	11.8	11.3	4.2	6.1	3.0	8.2
Over 30 years	7.0	1.9	0.9	12.1	22.7	19.1	10.6	0.6	11.2	8.6	26.3	26.4	4.6	4.0	5.8	20.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,732,122	384,222	314,832	243,703	73,493	177,492	69,215	287,224	154,370	821	7,889	3,803	1,488	2,763	1,024	9,783
No. of prior treatment episodes																
None	47.8	53.0	43.5	25.9	45.1	38.4	50.7	61.6	51.2	56.1	44.8	60.8	49.8	46.0	58.7	73.9
1	21.3	20.5	22.4	18.0	23.7	21.6	22.2	22.0	24.6	23.2	20.3	18.7	23.8	23.0	18.6	11.9
2	11.2	9.6	12.2	14.3	12.7	13.8	11.7	8.5	11.8	9.1	11.9	8.4	11.7	13.0	9.1	5.3
3	6.2	5.1	7.0	9.9	6.8	8.4	5.7	3.4	5.5	3.2	6.4	4.4	6.2	7.1	3.5	2.7
4	3.6	2.9	4.1	6.7	3.8	5.1	3.2	1.6	2.7	3.3	3.9	2.3	2.6	3.8	2.6	1.4
5 or more	10.0	8.9	10.8	25.3	8.0	12.8	6.5	2.9	4.2	5.0	12.7	5.4	5.9	7.1	7.6	4.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,415,526	314,971	226,700	182,176	66,032	137,226	52,446	237,352	149,615	757	6,804	3,200	1,342	2,292	936	33,677

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 4
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,800,717	393,810	320,222	245,984	74,750	178,475	71,660	289,988	155,643	843	8,011	3,866	1,510	2,777	1,034	52,144
Type of service																
<i>Ambulatory</i>	62.9	59.4	58.7	50.7	59.6	51.7	66.0	84.3	67.2	69.2	51.9	59.5	67.6	67.0	69.5	81.8
Outpatient	50.0	48.2	46.5	39.3	44.4	37.4	50.3	67.8	53.8	53.1	38.6	44.3	52.3	52.3	52.0	76.9
Intensive outpatient	11.7	10.0	11.8	6.1	11.7	13.9	15.3	16.5	13.2	15.8	12.1	13.5	14.7	14.5	16.1	4.8
Detoxification	1.3	1.2	0.4	5.4	3.4	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.7	0.6	0.2	1.5	0.2
<i>Rehabilitation/residential</i>	17.1	10.9	18.6	14.9	16.1	30.4	23.7	13.5	24.7	8.3	18.5	21.0	26.0	26.6	19.4	8.6
Short-term (<31 days)	9.4	6.9	11.6	7.4	10.7	16.3	13.4	7.1	9.5	4.5	12.2	14.8	14.2	10.8	9.8	5.2
Long-term (31+ days)	7.2	3.5	6.5	7.1	4.9	13.6	9.9	6.1	14.8	3.4	5.5	5.0	10.7	15.4	8.6	2.6
Hospital (non-detox)	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.9	1.1	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.7
<i>Detoxification (24-hour service)</i>	19.9	29.6	22.7	34.4	24.4	18.0	10.3	2.2	8.1	22.5	29.6	19.5	6.4	6.4	11.0	9.6
Free-standing residential	15.6	24.6	16.1	23.9	19.3	16.6	8.8	2.0	7.8	21.7	21.0	14.4	5.8	6.1	9.6	5.6
Hospital inpatient	4.3	5.1	6.6	10.5	5.1	1.4	1.5	0.2	0.4	0.8	8.7	5.1	0.6	0.3	1.5	4.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,800,717	393,810	320,222	245,984	74,750	178,475	71,660	289,988	155,643	843	8,011	3,866	1,510	2,777	1,034	52,144

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 4 (continued)

**Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution**

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Source of referral to treatment																
Criminal justice/DUI	38.0	43.3	35.6	14.2	16.7	27.8	35.7	58.0	54.9	34.6	21.6	25.8	46.9	57.6	30.3	33.0
Self- or individual	32.8	28.4	32.1	59.3	51.9	37.7	30.4	15.1	21.4	26.7	42.1	38.5	25.6	20.6	32.2	38.0
Substance abuse treatment provider	10.1	8.1	12.2	14.5	13.6	14.8	11.9	5.6	5.3	9.9	13.6	12.8	8.4	8.2	8.2	4.4
Other health care provider	6.5	8.0	7.8	5.1	9.0	7.0	6.8	4.2	3.4	6.0	12.6	9.3	6.5	3.4	11.7	8.8
School (educational)	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	3.5	0.4	5.3	0.4	1.3	1.7	0.2	4.3	4.0
Employer/EAP	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.5	1.5	0.9	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.6
Other community referral	10.9	10.5	10.7	6.7	7.9	12.1	13.4	12.6	14.2	17.1	9.1	11.3	10.6	9.9	12.7	11.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,768,402	388,160	315,700	242,041	73,439	175,591	70,413	284,929	152,982	830	7,899	3,769	1,459	2,706	1,010	47,474
Opioid replacement therapy¹																
Yes	5.4	0.2	0.3	29.4	20.8	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	1.2	2.7	2.9	2.4	0.3	1.6	2.9
No	94.6	99.8	99.7	70.6	79.2	99.6	99.4	99.8	99.8	98.8	97.3	97.1	97.6	99.7	98.4	97.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,681,221	372,854	297,554	239,747	70,193	169,836	68,151	271,422	142,129	750	7,463	3,643	1,315	2,651	977	32,536

¹ Medication-assisted therapy with methadone or buprenorphine.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 5
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to employment status (aged 16 and over) and education (aged 18 and over): TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. See Table 6a.]

Employment status (aged 16 and over) and education (aged 18 and over)	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total admissions aged 16 and over	1,744,761	389,417	314,162	245,719	74,334	177,920	70,860	254,029	153,702	747	7,864	3,741	1,394	2,757	730	47,385
Employment status																
Employed	29.6	42.8	30.2	16.6	29.3	16.1	29.6	31.7	27.0	24.3	21.4	22.2	26.1	23.5	20.6	34.2
Full time	22.0	34.2	22.7	11.7	21.9	11.5	22.7	21.4	18.7	16.6	15.2	16.3	17.0	16.2	13.4	26.0
Part time	7.6	8.6	7.5	4.9	7.4	4.6	6.9	10.4	8.3	7.6	6.2	5.9	9.1	7.2	7.3	8.1
Unemployed	32.0	28.0	29.2	34.8	36.9	38.9	33.2	29.4	35.1	36.8	36.4	32.4	33.7	33.5	33.6	35.6
Not in labor force	38.5	29.2	40.7	48.6	33.8	45.0	37.1	38.8	37.9	39.0	42.1	45.4	40.2	43.0	45.7	30.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Admissions aged 16 and over	1,720,550	384,178	311,172	241,897	73,331	175,703	69,921	251,629	152,984	734	7,738	3,667	1,362	2,691	717	42,826
Total admissions aged 18 and over	1,659,805	382,890	302,908	244,725	73,373	177,010	68,783	199,647	149,510	672	7,634	3,574	1,199	2,688	584	44,608
Highest school grade completed																
0 to 8	6.1	6.3	5.3	7.2	4.6	5.7	6.1	5.2	5.7	7.2	6.0	3.9	5.5	6.7	9.1	12.3
9 to 11	26.8	18.1	26.6	29.1	20.3	28.8	26.8	37.3	32.5	23.9	23.1	20.9	31.5	41.1	29.1	24.6
12 (or GED)	44.2	44.6	44.4	45.7	44.9	43.4	43.3	42.8	44.8	39.4	41.0	41.5	42.9	41.4	42.9	38.5
More than 12	23.0	31.1	23.7	18.0	30.2	22.1	23.8	14.6	17.0	29.4	30.0	33.6	20.1	10.9	18.9	24.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Admissions aged 18 and over	1,639,488	376,867	300,253	242,417	72,555	175,547	68,041	197,695	148,227	652	7,501	3,534	1,182	2,665	581	41,771

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 6a
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,798,869	393,810	319,024	245,951	75,186	178,383	71,333	289,354	155,643	843	8,011	3,866	1,510	2,777	1,034	52,144
Alabama	20,840	3,446	2,934	68	1,586	2,557	2,145	5,927	1,768	11	213	45	12	--	15	113
Alaska	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Arizona	23,582	3,276	1,954	1,030	252	862	542	1,829	3,577	13	52	28	17	--	4	10,146
Arkansas	13,692	2,527	2,140	40	778	1,647	535	2,609	2,943	4	157	127	26	11	21	127
California	191,023	18,897	19,024	28,989	4,790	15,710	3,852	28,371	69,415	110	240	261	110	675	95	484
Colorado	76,815	48,746	8,197	1,722	1,011	3,047	1,657	5,849	5,935	154	185	100	39	6	32	135
Connecticut	46,491	7,456	7,355	16,527	1,796	4,029	2,154	3,879	90	11	219	109	85	266	29	2,486
Delaware	8,178	792	1,179	2,055	574	1,057	305	1,799	38	--	25	5	2	12	1	334
District of Columbia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Florida	42,069	6,724	5,101	1,631	3,453	6,433	3,319	11,603	908	26	434	87	29	4	38	2,279
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	6,512	928	1,091	160	134	214	88	1,618	2,181	13	4	7	4	--	--	70
Idaho	5,916	1,331	786	67	171	28	40	1,367	2,081	1	7	5	14	--	4	14
Illinois	67,392	12,022	10,022	11,595	1,034	11,264	2,466	16,137	1,992	74	159	39	60	44	33	451
Indiana	34,693	8,023	8,084	812	1,865	3,397	964	8,372	2,031	28	359	129	106	14	33	476
Iowa	28,495	7,952	5,705	186	498	1,656	540	7,130	4,511	19	55	32	19	11	25	156
Kansas	15,327	2,521	3,497	104	315	2,158	564	4,069	1,904	14	33	25	15	33	28	47
Kentucky	23,058	4,326	3,568	326	1,979	1,709	868	3,781	776	30	495	37	15	4	31	5,113
Louisiana	22,275	2,846	3,463	269	1,997	4,549	1,645	4,739	941	7	286	217	47	16	11	1,242
Maine	14,330	4,723	2,760	1,311	3,032	484	422	1,335	103	6	80	15	4	1	4	50

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6a (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Stimulants		Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants						
Maryland	65,557	13,102	10,981	16,968	3,621	7,628	2,119	9,920	221	13	404	52	54	342	16	116
Massachusetts	62,210	11,723	10,248	26,413	4,442	2,811	1,736	3,724	148	8	618	24	46	10	8	251
Michigan	65,101	15,889	12,186	9,070	4,464	9,313	2,057	10,987	596	2	185	121	23	2	22	184
Minnesota	46,220	13,063	10,457	1,625	1,700	3,294	1,467	8,003	5,233	21	192	72	98	8	36	951
Mississippi	7,368	1,168	1,275	43	553	1,299	481	1,260	457	8	80	25	15	1	5	698
Missouri	45,383	9,642	5,566	1,999	1,264	6,957	1,317	12,575	5,295	22	293	88	33	171	64	97
Montana	7,782	1,983	2,455	79	482	31	112	1,450	1,103	4	19	26	14	--	4	20
Nebraska	14,968	8,910	2,124	--	209	518	147	1,023	1,662	17	25	13	5	9	7	299
Nevada	10,054	2,324	1,269	607	267	665	203	1,409	3,199	1	23	19	8	6	8	46
New Hampshire	5,729	1,585	1,421	663	284	463	356	806	73	13	19	6	8	1	3	28
New Jersey	55,715	9,833	7,020	21,333	2,686	3,850	2,562	7,511	189	--	350	35	23	150	7	166
New Mexico	8,549	3,613	327	635	668	232	--	1	740	2	14	9	1	--	11	2,296
New York	307,564	54,573	83,957	59,067	6,645	36,193	17,137	43,364	590	36	1,005	573	116	458	69	3,781
North Carolina	16,450	2,581	4,236	1,198	1,513	2,294	2,402	1,481	269	1	109	35	10	3	10	308
North Dakota	2,609	820	634	1	84	24	25	634	376	1	4	--	--	--	2	4
Ohio	66,040	12,264	13,689	6,129	2,746	9,015	2,260	14,048	609	36	233	109	28	106	25	4,743
Oklahoma	16,326	2,814	2,890	85	874	1,401	444	2,902	3,739	7	170	95	25	35	41	804
Oregon	47,274	16,831	8,768	3,283	1,184	758	363	6,969	8,876	--	16	101	31	3	22	69
Pennsylvania	69,803	15,532	11,514	14,221	4,212	8,790	3,596	10,213	340	33	468	139	58	143	43	501
Puerto Rico	1,478	60	5	1,251	3	28	32	87	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	11

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6a (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Stimulants		Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other lants						
Rhode Island	12,033	2,948	1,716	2,881	1,102	1,196	397	1,635	24	2	83	4	3	--	4	38
South Carolina	29,150	8,581	4,778	314	1,148	3,304	1,210	5,292	704	7	100	106	15	--	28	3,563
South Dakota	15,682	7,396	4,564	23	158	94	91	1,912	1,143	--	5	7	6	1	60	222
Tennessee	11,206	3,496	1,303	n/c	1,525	2,034	616	1,302	414	3	1	134	17	--	15	346
Texas	43,858	5,132	4,882	3,912	2,512	5,964	4,671	10,383	5,432	--	72	614	38	128	46	72
Utah	15,512	3,128	1,843	1,541	821	746	340	2,235	4,549	9	49	17	24	--	11	199
Vermont	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Virginia	35,197	4,892	6,617	2,204	1,534	4,382	1,445	6,197	351	71	193	51	39	80	12	7,129
Washington	37,317	6,064	9,084	2,709	1,138	2,178	753	7,427	6,551	--	107	40	134	20	18	1,094
West Virginia	7,642	2,715	1,326	230	1,249	420	334	944	183	--	125	55	5	2	15	39
Wisconsin	23,050	12,624	3,939	554	746	1,668	479	2,330	371	4	40	15	23	1	10	246
Wyoming	5,354	1,988	1,090	21	87	32	75	916	1,012	1	6	13	5	--	8	100

n/c State does not collect these data. In Tennessee, *Heroin* admissions are included in *Other opiates*.

-- Quantity is zero.

‡ No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

Table 6b
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		Other/nonespecified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Total	1,798,869	21.9	17.7	13.7	4.2	9.9	4.0	16.1	8.7	*	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.9	100.0
Alabama	20,840	16.5	14.1	0.3	7.6	12.3	10.3	28.4	8.5	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.1	--	0.1	0.5	100.0
Alaska	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Arizona	23,582	13.9	8.3	4.4	1.1	3.7	2.3	7.8	15.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	--	*	43.0	100.0
Arkansas	13,692	18.5	15.6	0.3	5.7	12.0	3.9	19.1	21.5	*	1.1	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.9	100.0
California	191,023	9.9	10.0	15.2	2.5	8.2	2.0	14.9	36.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	*	0.3	100.0
Colorado	76,815	63.5	10.7	2.2	1.3	4.0	2.2	7.6	7.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.2	100.0
Connecticut	46,491	16.0	15.8	35.5	3.9	8.7	4.6	8.3	0.2	*	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.1	5.3	100.0
Delaware	8,178	9.7	14.4	25.1	7.0	12.9	3.7	22.0	0.5	--	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	*	4.1	100.0
District of Columbia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Florida	42,069	16.0	12.1	3.9	8.2	15.3	7.9	27.6	2.2	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	5.4	100.0
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	6,512	14.3	16.8	2.5	2.1	3.3	1.4	24.8	33.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	--	1.1	100.0
Idaho	5,916	22.5	13.3	1.1	2.9	0.5	0.7	23.1	35.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	--	0.1	0.2	100.0
Illinois	67,392	17.8	14.9	17.2	1.5	16.7	3.7	23.9	3.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.7	100.0
Indiana	34,693	23.1	23.3	2.3	5.4	9.8	2.8	24.1	5.9	0.1	1.0	0.4	0.3	*	0.1	1.4	100.0
Iowa	28,495	27.9	20.0	0.7	1.7	5.8	1.9	25.0	15.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.5	100.0
Kansas	15,327	16.4	22.8	0.7	2.1	14.1	3.7	26.5	12.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	100.0
Kentucky	23,058	18.8	15.5	1.4	8.6	7.4	3.8	16.4	3.4	0.1	2.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	22.2	100.0
Louisiana	22,275	12.8	15.5	1.2	9.0	20.4	7.4	21.3	4.2	*	1.3	1.0	0.2	0.1	*	5.6	100.0
Maine	14,330	33.0	19.3	9.1	21.2	3.4	2.9	9.3	0.7	*	0.6	0.1	*	*	*	0.3	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6b (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens		Inhalants		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants			PCP				
Maryland	65,557	20.0	16.8	25.9	5.5	11.6	3.2	15.1	0.3	*	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	0.2	100.0
Massachusetts	62,210	18.8	16.5	42.5	7.1	4.5	2.8	6.0	0.2	*	1.0	*	0.1	*	*	0.4	100.0
Michigan	65,101	24.4	18.7	13.9	6.9	14.3	3.2	16.9	0.9	*	0.3	0.2	*	*	*	0.3	100.0
Minnesota	46,220	28.3	22.6	3.5	3.7	--	3.2	17.3	11.3	*	0.4	0.2	0.2	*	0.1	2.1	92.9
Mississippi	7,368	15.9	17.3	0.6	7.5	17.6	6.5	17.1	6.2	0.1	1.1	0.3	0.2	*	0.1	9.5	100.0
Missouri	45,383	21.2	12.3	4.4	2.8	15.3	2.9	27.7	11.7	*	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2	100.0
Montana	7,782	25.5	31.5	1.0	6.2	0.4	1.4	18.6	14.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	--	0.1	0.3	100.0
Nebraska	14,968	59.5	14.2	--	1.4	3.5	1.0	6.8	11.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	*	2.0	100.0
Nevada	10,054	23.1	12.6	6.0	2.7	6.6	2.0	14.0	31.8	*	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	100.0
New Hampshire	5,729	27.7	24.8	11.6	5.0	8.1	6.2	14.1	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.5	100.0
New Jersey	55,715	17.6	12.6	38.3	4.8	6.9	4.6	13.5	0.3	--	0.6	0.1	*	0.3	*	0.3	100.0
New Mexico	8,549	42.3	3.8	7.4	7.8	2.7	--	*	8.7	*	0.2	0.1	*	--	0.1	26.9	100.0
New York	307,564	17.7	27.3	19.2	2.2	11.8	5.6	14.1	0.2	*	0.3	0.2	*	0.1	*	1.2	100.0
North Carolina	16,450	15.7	25.8	7.3	9.2	13.9	14.6	9.0	1.6	*	0.7	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	1.9	100.0
North Dakota	2,609	31.4	24.3	*	3.2	0.9	1.0	24.3	14.4	*	0.2	--	--	--	0.1	0.2	100.0
Ohio	66,040	18.6	20.7	9.3	4.2	13.7	3.4	21.3	0.9	0.1	0.4	0.2	*	0.2	*	7.2	100.0
Oklahoma	16,326	17.2	17.7	0.5	5.4	8.6	2.7	17.8	22.9	*	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	4.9	100.0
Oregon	47,274	35.6	18.5	6.9	2.5	1.6	0.8	14.7	18.8	--	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	100.0
Pennsylvania	69,803	22.3	16.5	20.4	6.0	12.6	5.2	14.6	0.5	*	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.7	100.0
Puerto Rico	1,478	4.1	0.3	84.6	0.2	1.9	2.2	5.9	--	--	--	--	0.1	--	--	0.7	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6b (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2006
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Rhode Island	12,033	24.5	14.3	23.9	9.2	9.9	3.3	13.6	0.2	*	0.7	*	*	--	*	0.3	100.0
South Carolina	29,150	29.4	16.4	1.1	3.9	11.3	4.2	18.2	2.4	*	0.3	0.4	0.1	--	0.1	12.2	100.0
South Dakota	15,682	47.2	29.1	0.1	1.0	0.6	0.6	12.2	7.3	--	*	*	*	*	0.4	1.4	100.0
Tennessee	11,206	31.2	11.6	<i>n/c</i>	13.6	18.2	5.5	11.6	3.7	*	*	1.2	0.2	--	0.1	3.1	100.0
Texas	43,858	11.7	11.1	8.9	5.7	13.6	10.7	23.7	12.4	--	0.2	1.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	100.0
Utah	15,512	20.2	11.9	9.9	5.3	4.8	2.2	14.4	29.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	--	0.1	1.3	100.0
Vermont	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Virginia	35,197	13.9	18.8	6.3	4.4	12.4	4.1	17.6	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	20.3	100.0
Washington	37,317	16.2	24.3	7.3	3.0	5.8	2.0	19.9	17.6	--	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	*	2.9	100.0
West Virginia	7,642	35.5	17.4	3.0	16.3	5.5	4.4	12.4	2.4	--	1.6	0.7	0.1	*	0.2	0.5	100.0
Wisconsin	23,050	54.8	17.1	2.4	3.2	7.2	2.1	10.1	1.6	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	*	1.1	100.0
Wyoming	5,354	37.1	20.4	0.4	1.6	0.6	1.4	17.1	18.9	*	0.1	0.2	0.1	--	0.1	1.9	100.0

n/c State does not collect these data. In Tennessee, *Heroin* admissions are included in *Other opiates*.

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

‡ No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 10.9.07.

APPENDIX

TEDS MINIMUM DATA SET

CLIENT OR CODEPENDENT/COLLATERAL

- **Client:**
 - Has an alcohol or drug related problem
 - Has completed the screening and intake process
 - Has been formally admitted for treatment or recovery service in an alcohol or drug treatment unit
 - Has his or her own client record

A person is not a client if he or she has completed only a screening or intake process or has been placed on a waiting list.

- **Codependent/collateral:**
 - Has no alcohol or drug related problem
 - Is seeking services because of problems arising from his or her relationship with an alcohol or drug user
 - Has been formally admitted for service to a treatment unit
 - Has his or her own client record or has a record within a primary client record

GUIDELINES: Reporting of *Codependent/collateral* is optional. If a record does not include a value for this field, it is assumed to be a substance abuse client record. If a substance abuse client with an existing record in TEDS becomes a codependent, a new client record should be submitted indicating that the client has been admitted as a codependent, and vice versa.

TRANSACTION TYPE

Identifies whether a record is for an admission or a transfer/change in service.

- **A.** Admission
- **T.** Transfer/change in service

GUIDELINES: For TEDS, a treatment episode is defined as that period of service between the beginning of treatment for a drug or alcohol problem and the termination of services for the prescribed treatment plan. The episode includes one admission (when services begin) and one discharge (when services end). Within a treatment episode, a client may transfer to a different service, facility, program, or location. In some data systems, such transfers may generate admissions records. When it is feasible for the State to identify transfers, they should be reported as transfers, not as admissions. When admissions and transfers cannot be differentiated in a State data system, such changes in service should be reported to TEDS as admissions.

DATE OF ADMISSION

The day when the client receives his or her first direct treatment or recovery service.

TYPE OF SERVICE AT ADMISSION

Describes the type of service the client receives.

- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, hospital inpatient.** 24-hour per day medical acute care services in a hospital setting for detoxification for persons with severe medical complications associated with withdrawal
- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, free-standing residential.** 24-hour per day services in a non-hospital setting providing for safe withdrawal and transition to ongoing treatment
- **Rehabilitation/residential, hospital (other than detoxification).** 24-hour per day medical care in a hospital facility in conjunction with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- **Rehabilitation/residential, short-term (30 days or fewer).** Typically, 30 days or fewer of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- **Rehabilitation/residential, long-term (more than 30 days).** Typically, more than 30 days of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency; this may include transitional living arrangements such as halfway houses
- **Ambulatory, intensive outpatient.** As a minimum, the client must receive treatment lasting two or more hours per day for three or more days per week
- **Ambulatory, non-intensive outpatient.** Ambulatory treatment services including individual, family, and/or group services; these may include pharmacological therapies
- **Ambulatory, detoxification.** Outpatient treatment services providing for safe withdrawal in an ambulatory setting (pharmacological or non-pharmacological)

AGE

Identifies client's age at admission. Derived from client's date of birth and date of admission.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- **1-96.** Indicates the age at admission

SEX

Identifies client's sex.

- **Male**
- **Female**

RACE

Specifies the client's race.

- **Alaska Native (Aleut, Eskimo, Indian).** Origins in any of the original people of Alaska
- **American Indian (other than Alaska Native).** Origins in any of the original people of North America and South America (including Central America) and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment
- **Asian or Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, or the Pacific Islands
 - **Asian.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, or Southeast Asia, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam
 - **Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands
- **Black or African American.** Origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa
- **White.** Origins in any of the original people of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East
- **Other single race.** Client is not classified in any category above or whose origin group, because of area custom, is regarded as a racial class distinct from the above categories
- **Two or more races.** For use when the State data system allows multiple race selection and more than one race is indicated

GUIDELINES: If a State does not distinguish between *American Indian* and *Alaska Native*, both should be coded as *American Indian*. If a State does not distinguish between *Asian* and *Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander*, both should be coded as *Asian or Pacific Islander*. For States that collect multiple races: a) when a single race is designated, the specific race code should be used; b) if the State collects a primary or preferred race along with additional races, the code for the primary/preferred race should be used; c) if the State uses a system such as an algorithm to select a single race when multiple races have been designated, the same system may be used to determine the race code for TEDS. When two or more races have been designated and neither (b) nor (c) above apply, the TEDS code for *Two or more races* should be used.

ETHNICITY

Identifies client's specific Hispanic origin

- **Puerto Rican.** Of Puerto Rican origin, regardless of race
- **Mexican.** Of Mexican origin, regardless of race
- **Cuban.** Of Cuban origin, regardless of race
- **Other specific Hispanic.** Of known Central or South American or any other Spanish cultural origin (including Spain), other than Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Cuban, regardless of race
- **Hispanic (specific origin not specified).** Of Hispanic origin, but specific origin not known or not specified
- **Not of Hispanic origin**

GUIDELINES: If a State does not collect specific Hispanic detail, code *Ethnicity* for Hispanics as *Hispanic (specific origin not specified)*.

NUMBER OF PRIOR TREATMENT EPISODES

Indicates the number of previous treatment episodes the client has received in any drug or alcohol program. Changes in service for the same episode (transfers) should *not* be counted as separate prior episodes.

- **0 previous episodes**
- **1 previous episode**
- **2 previous episodes**
- **3 previous episodes**
- **4 previous episodes**
- **5 or more previous episodes**

GUIDELINES: It is preferred that the number of prior treatments be a self-reporting field collected at the time of client intake. However, this data item may be derived from the State data system if the system has that capability, and episodes can be counted for at least several years.

EDUCATION

Specifies the highest school grade the client has completed.

- **0.** Less than one grade completed
- **1-25.** Years of school (highest grade) completed

GUIDELINES: States that use specific categories for some code numbers should map their codes to a logical number of years of school completed. For General Equivalency Degree, use *12*. For Bachelor's Degree, use *16*.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Identifies the client's employment status at the time of admission or transfer.

- **Full time.** Working 35 hours or more each week; includes members of the uniformed services
- **Part time.** Working fewer than 35 hours each week
- **Unemployed.** Looking for work during the past 30 days, or on layoff from a job
- **Not in labor force.** Not looking for work during the past 30 days, or a student, homemaker, disabled, retired, or an inmate of an institution.

GUIDELINES: Seasonal workers are coded in this category based on their employment status at time of admission.

PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF REFERRAL

Describes the person or agency referring the client to the alcohol or drug abuse treatment program.

- **Individual (includes self-referral).** Includes the client, a family member, friend, or any other individual who would not be included in any of the following categories; includes self-referral due to pending DWI/DUI
- **Alcohol/drug abuse care provider.** Any program, clinic, or other health care provider whose principal objective is treating clients with substance abuse problems, or a program whose activities are related to alcohol or other drug abuse prevention, education, or treatment
- **Other health care provider.** A physician, psychiatrist, or other licensed health care professional; or general hospital, psychiatric hospital, mental health program, or nursing home
- **School (educational).** A school principal, counselor, or teacher; or a student assistance program (SAP), the school system, or an educational agency
- **Employer/EAP.** A supervisor or an employee counselor
- **Other community referral.** Community or religious organization or any Federal, State, or local agency that provides aid in the areas of poverty relief, unemployment, shelter, or social welfare. Self-help groups such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, and Narcotics Anonymous (NA) are also included in this category. Defense attorneys are included in this category.
- **Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI.** Any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer, or other person affiliated with a Federal, State, or county judicial system. Includes referral by a court for DWI/DUI, clients referred in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication. Includes clients on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough, or TASC. Client need not be officially designated as "on parole." Includes clients referred through civil commitment.

SUBSTANCE PROBLEM (PRIMARY, SECONDARY, OR TERTIARY)

These fields identify the client's primary, secondary, and tertiary substance problems.

- **None**
- **Alcohol**
- **Cocaine/crack**
- **Marijuana/hashish.** This includes THC and any other *cannabis sativa* preparations
- **Heroin**
- **Nonprescription methadone**
- **Other opiates and synthetics.** Includes codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects
- **PCP.** Phencyclidine
- **Other hallucinogens.** Includes LSD, DMT, STP, hallucinogens, mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, etc.
- **Methamphetamine**
- **Other amphetamines.** Includes amphetamines, MDMA, phenmetrazine, and other unspecified amines and related drugs
- **Other stimulants.** Includes methylphenidate and any other stimulants
- **Benzodiazepines.** Includes alprazolam, chlordiazepoxide, clonazepam, clorazepate, diazepam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, halazepam, lorazepam, oxazepam, prazepam, temazepam, triazolam, and other unspecified benzodiazepines
- **Other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers.** Includes meprobamate and other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers
- **Barbiturates.** Amobarbital, pentobarbital, phenobarbital, secobarbital, etc.
- **Other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics.** Includes chloral hydrate, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, methaqualone, and other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics
- **Inhalants.** Includes chloroform, ether, gasoline, glue, nitrous oxide, paint thinner, etc.
- **Over-the-counter medications.** Includes aspirin, cough syrup, diphenhydramine and other antihistamines, sleep aids, any other legally obtained nonprescription medication
- **Other.** Includes diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin, GHB/GBL, ketamine, etc.

USUAL ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the usual route of administration of the respective substances.

- **Oral**
- **Smoking**
- **Inhalation**
- **Injection (IV or intramuscular)**
- **Other**

FREQUENCY OF USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the frequency of use of the respective substances.

- **No use in the past month**
- **1-3 times in the past month**
- **1-2 times in the past week**
- **3-6 times in the past week**
- **Daily**

AGE OF FIRST USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCE)

For drugs other than alcohol, these fields identify the age at which the client first used the respective substance. For alcohol, these fields record the age of first intoxication.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- **1-96.** Indicates the age at first use

OPIOID REPLACEMENT THERAPY

Identifies whether the use of methadone or buprenorphine is part of the client's treatment plan.

- **Yes**
- **No**