

Table 1.49C (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time College Students (2009)	Full-Time College Students (2010)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	58	71	36	43	46	55
Made Any Suicide Plans	34	36	16	20	31	29
Attempted Suicide	25	25	12	13	22	21
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	16	17	8	9	14	14
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	14	13	6	7	12	11
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	104	115	70	77	74	80
Serious Mental Illness	41	51	23	32	32	37
Moderate Mental Illness	50	51	34	34	37	40
Mild Mental Illness	73	78	49	52	53	55
No Mental Illness	339	332	281	261	184	205
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	70	74	46	50	48	52
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	24	28	9	13	23	24
Outpatient	61	60	45	43	40	40
Prescription Medication	69	69	46	43	50	52

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.49D (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time College Students (2009)	Full-Time College Students (2010)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.25	0.29	0.38	0.41	0.35	0.40
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.21	0.24	0.23
Attempted Suicide	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.16
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.11
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.09
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.39	0.43	0.60	0.64	0.51	0.56
Serious Mental Illness	0.19	0.22	0.25	0.33	0.25	0.28
Moderate Mental Illness	0.21	0.22	0.33	0.33	0.28	0.30
Mild Mental Illness	0.30	0.32	0.47	0.48	0.39	0.41
No Mental Illness	0.39	0.43	0.60	0.64	0.51	0.56
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	0.29	0.31	0.45	0.49	0.37	0.40
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.11	0.13	0.10	0.14	0.18	0.19
Outpatient	0.25	0.25	0.41	0.40	0.31	0.30
Prescription Medication	0.28	0.29	0.42	0.43	0.38	0.40

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.49P (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Persons Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time College Students (2009)	Full-Time College Students (2010)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Persons Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.0142		0.0342		0.1159	
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.8133		0.2519		0.6586	
Attempted Suicide	0.5396		0.5944		0.6864	
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.4766		0.5403		0.6531	
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.8691		0.5625		0.8818	
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.1325		0.1385		0.4358	
Serious Mental Illness	0.0010		0.0008		0.0892	
Moderate Mental Illness	0.4290		0.8861		0.3903	
Mild Mental Illness	0.5166		0.8469		0.4801	
No Mental Illness	0.1325		0.1385		0.4358	
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵	0.1075		0.0807		0.5305	
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.7125		0.4730		0.9548	
Outpatient	0.7822		0.5826		0.8787	
Prescription Medication	0.2603		0.3207		0.5116	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all persons aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Persons include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*. Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*, which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.50C (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Male College Students (2009)	Full-Time Male College Students (2010)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	38	46	23	27	31	39
Made Any Suicide Plans	21	24	8	11	20	21
Attempted Suicide	19	17	6	7	18	16
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	12	11	3	6	12	9
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	11	10	3	6	11	8
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	63	66	39	41	49	50
Serious Mental Illness	25	29	11	16	22	24
Moderate Mental Illness	32	33	18	20	27	26
Mild Mental Illness	47	47	30	31	35	35
No Mental Illness	227	213	180	161	136	145
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	42	39	25	24	32	31
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	20	22	6	10	19	19
Outpatient	33	34	20	22	26	27
Prescription Medication	42	42	25	25	32	34

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.50D (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Male College Students (2009)	Full-Time Male College Students (2010)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.33	0.38	0.51	0.53	0.44	0.54
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.19	0.21	0.19	0.23	0.29	0.31
Attempted Suicide	0.17	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.27	0.23
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.13	0.17	0.13
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.11
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.52	0.50	0.82	0.75	0.67	0.68
Serious Mental Illness	0.22	0.25	0.24	0.34	0.32	0.35
Moderate Mental Illness	0.28	0.28	0.39	0.43	0.38	0.38
Mild Mental Illness	0.40	0.38	0.66	0.60	0.50	0.49
No Mental Illness	0.52	0.50	0.82	0.75	0.67	0.68
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	0.36	0.33	0.55	0.52	0.46	0.44
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.17	0.19	0.13	0.23	0.27	0.28
Outpatient	0.29	0.29	0.43	0.45	0.38	0.38
Prescription Medication	0.36	0.36	0.53	0.51	0.45	0.50

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.50P (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Males Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Male College Students (2009)	Full-Time Male College Students (2010)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Males Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.0169		0.0516		0.1037	
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.6001		0.2275		0.9440	
Attempted Suicide	0.9535		0.4115		0.8241	
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.7915		0.1628		0.7360	
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.8630		0.3458		0.5249	
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.6258		0.6272		0.7860	
Serious Mental Illness	0.0436		0.0066		0.3749	
Moderate Mental Illness	0.6821		0.5419		0.9397	
Mild Mental Illness	0.4039		0.3405		0.7767	
No Mental Illness	0.6258		0.6272		0.7860	
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	0.9489		0.7180		0.8553	
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.5455		0.1926		0.8840	
Outpatient	0.8595		0.5957		0.8506	
Prescription Medication	0.7583		0.9553		0.6792	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all males aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Males include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.51C (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Female College Students (2009)	Full-Time Female College Students (2010)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	43	50	27	32	34	37
Made Any Suicide Plans	27	26	14	17	24	21
Attempted Suicide	17	20	10	11	13	16
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	10	13	7	7	7	11
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	7	9	5	5	6	8
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	78	85	53	60	56	60
Serious Mental Illness	32	41	20	28	24	28
Moderate Mental Illness	38	40	28	28	25	30
Mild Mental Illness	54	57	37	39	41	42
No Mental Illness	188	193	150	146	110	121
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	54	60	37	42	36	41
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	15	17	7	7	13	15
Outpatient	51	47	39	35	30	30
Prescription Medication	54	51	37	34	40	39

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.51D (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Female College Students (2009)	Full-Time Female College Students (2010)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.38	0.44	0.54	0.61	0.55	0.59
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.25	0.25	0.29	0.35	0.39	0.34
Attempted Suicide	0.16	0.18	0.22	0.24	0.22	0.26
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.10	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.18
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.14
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.61	0.67	0.88	0.98	0.81	0.89
Serious Mental Illness	0.29	0.36	0.40	0.55	0.39	0.46
Moderate Mental Illness	0.33	0.36	0.54	0.54	0.42	0.49
Mild Mental Illness	0.47	0.49	0.67	0.75	0.63	0.65
No Mental Illness	0.61	0.67	0.88	0.98	0.81	0.89
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵						
	0.46	0.52	0.69	0.79	0.59	0.66
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.22	0.25
Outpatient	0.42	0.40	0.69	0.64	0.51	0.48
Prescription Medication	0.45	0.46	0.66	0.68	0.64	0.63

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.51P (REVISED) Suicide Behavior and Treatment, Level of Mental Illness, Major Depressive Episode, and Mental Health Service Use among Females Aged 18 to 22, by College Enrollment Status: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Past Year Mental Health Measure	Total¹ (2009)	Total¹ (2010)	Full-Time Female College Students (2009)	Full-Time Female College Students (2010)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2009)	Other Females Aged 18-22² (2010)
SUICIDE BEHAVIOR AND TREATMENT³						
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide	0.2137		0.1997		0.5556	
Made Any Suicide Plans	0.9088		0.4794		0.4982	
Attempted Suicide	0.4222		0.8582		0.4044	
Got Medical Attention for Suicide Attempt	0.4657		0.8241		0.3183	
Stayed Overnight or Longer in a Hospital for Suicide Attempt	0.6376		0.9134		0.5424	
LEVEL OF MENTAL ILLNESS⁴						
Any Mental Illness	0.0996		0.0698		0.4605	
Serious Mental Illness	0.0072		0.0111		0.1469	
Moderate Mental Illness	0.4808		0.8873		0.2779	
Mild Mental Illness	0.9255		0.4780		0.4695	
No Mental Illness	0.0996		0.0698		0.4605	
MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE⁵	0.0431		0.0342		0.3528	
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE USE⁶						
Inpatient	0.8468		0.7427		0.9163	
Outpatient	0.6904		0.4352		0.7397	
Prescription Medication	0.2497		0.2620		0.5750	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

¹ Estimates in the Total column are for all females aged 18 to 22, including those with unknown enrollment status.

² Other Females include respondents aged 18 to 22 not enrolled in school, enrolled in college part time, enrolled in other grades either full or part time, or enrolled with no other information available.

³ Suicide estimates are based only on responses to suicide items in the Mental Health module. Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

⁴ Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness. Any mental illness includes persons in any of the three categories. Estimates for mental illness presented in this table may differ from previously published mental illness estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at <http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx>.

⁵ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE were excluded.

⁶ Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling or combination of types of treatments information were excluded. Estimates were based only on responses to items in the Adult Mental Health Service Utilization module.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.