

Table 1.53C Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Age Category	Total (2009)	Total (2010)	Male (2009)	Male (2010)	Female (2009)	Female (2010)
TOTAL	412	435	247	277	332	327
18	35	36	17	20	30	30
19	31	28	18	15	25	23
20	25	31	13	18	21	26
21	26	33	15	18	20	28
22	30	30	23	17	19	23
23	29	30	18	18	21	24
24	29	32	18	18	22	25
25	31	26	17	14	27	22
26-29	103	104	65	63	80	88
30-34	119	113	76	63	93	93
35-39	121	122	72	80	101	91
40-44	135	127	81	76	107	102
45-49	123	133	84	94	86	94
50-54	172	188	120	120	123	142
55-59	152	199	95	89	121	173
60-64	148	150	75	108	125	99
65 or Older	138	162	51	123	130	99

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.53D Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Age Category	Total (2009)	Total (2010)	Male (2009)	Male (2010)	Female (2009)	Female (2010)
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.23	0.25	0.28	0.28
18	0.64	0.71	0.64	0.74	1.10	1.26
19	0.64	0.61	0.75	0.64	1.06	1.02
20	0.58	0.66	0.60	0.76	1.03	1.12
21	0.62	0.73	0.75	0.80	0.92	1.19
22	0.70	0.69	1.09	0.81	0.90	1.08
23	0.68	0.73	0.87	0.88	1.02	1.13
24	0.68	0.77	0.92	0.88	0.97	1.15
25	0.81	0.64	0.90	0.74	1.34	1.03
26-29	0.58	0.59	0.76	0.73	0.90	1.01
30-34	0.59	0.56	0.76	0.63	0.91	0.88
35-39	0.58	0.61	0.69	0.81	0.98	0.90
40-44	0.61	0.60	0.78	0.73	0.91	0.95
45-49	0.53	0.58	0.75	0.85	0.72	0.80
50-54	0.75	0.83	1.07	1.10	1.04	1.21
55-59	0.80	0.99	1.05	0.98	1.22	1.59
60-64	0.94	0.90	1.02	1.33	1.49	1.16
65 or Older	0.37	0.42	0.32	0.72	0.61	0.46

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

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Table 1.53P Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Age Category	Total (2009)	Total (2010)	Male (2009)	Male (2010)	Female (2009)	Female (2010)
TOTAL	0.3398		0.4073		0.5465	
18	0.6923		0.8589		0.5899	
19	0.2440		0.3847		0.3530	
20	0.1478		0.1926		0.3776	
21	0.0146		0.4344		0.0129	
22	0.5632		0.3557		0.0673	
23	0.4731		0.8398		0.2390	
24	0.9184		0.4198		0.4155	
25	0.0086		0.2358		0.0138	
26-29	0.4833		0.5300		0.7611	
30-34	0.2299		0.9549		0.0963	
35-39	0.9357		0.8915		0.7501	
40-44	0.7880		0.6445		0.9136	
45-49	0.2188		0.2941		0.5146	
50-54	0.5142		0.8574		0.2920	
55-59	0.2248		0.9833		0.1608	
60-64	0.5383		0.5423		0.7195	
65 or Older	0.6159		0.0307		0.2747	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.54C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Gender/Age Group	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received	Received	Received	Received
					Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	412	435	308	346	365	383	283	305
18-25	82	85	67	69	57	65	48	53
26-49	254	262	205	207	222	218	190	174
50 or Older	300	332	212	266	266	301	196	238
MALE	247	277	182	218	208	230	159	183
18-25	49	46	38	39	31	31	26	26
26-49	165	170	130	128	129	121	109	97
50 or Older	171	212	123	166	158	187	*	*
FEMALE	332	327	246	264	287	305	230	245
18-25	63	67	53	54	46	56	40	44
26-49	198	202	161	153	178	183	157	144
50 or Older	245	254	177	208	209	235	164	191

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.54D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Gender/Age Group	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received	Received	Received	Received
					Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.14	0.15	1.31	1.25	1.49	1.47
18-25	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	1.58	1.58	1.96	1.95
26-49	0.26	0.27	0.21	0.21	1.73	1.69	1.97	1.90
50 or Older	0.32	0.35	0.23	0.28	2.82	2.56	3.20	3.01
MALE	0.23	0.25	0.17	0.20	2.36	2.41	2.78	2.88
18-25	0.29	0.27	0.23	0.23	2.74	2.75	3.47	3.46
26-49	0.34	0.35	0.27	0.26	2.99	3.09	3.57	3.72
50 or Older	0.39	0.48	0.28	0.37	4.98	4.64	*	*
FEMALE	0.28	0.28	0.21	0.22	1.57	1.43	1.69	1.66
18-25	0.38	0.40	0.32	0.32	1.83	1.90	2.32	2.35
26-49	0.40	0.41	0.32	0.31	2.02	1.91	2.25	2.07
50 or Older	0.49	0.50	0.35	0.41	3.57	2.97	3.76	3.44

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.54P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: *P* Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Gender/Age Group	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received	Received	Received	Received
					Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	0.3398		0.1486		0.0379		0.4975	
18-25	0.5245		0.9635		0.3519		0.3257	
26-49	0.7168		0.4941		0.1854		0.5384	
50 or Older	0.1276		0.0081		0.2531		0.4844	
MALE	0.4073		0.2063		0.8069		0.9074	
18-25	0.5055		0.8739		0.9898		0.9183	
26-49	0.8508		0.9323		0.9395		0.9273	
50 or Older	0.2222		0.0785		0.9137		*	
FEMALE	0.5465		0.3732		0.0093		0.3455	
18-25	0.1580		0.7996		0.3409		0.2474	
26-49	0.5215		0.3194		0.0439		0.3417	
50 or Older	0.3100		0.0518		0.1264		0.7223	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

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Table 1.55C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Demographic Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ²	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ²	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2}	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2}
					(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)
TOTAL	412	435	308	346	365	383	283	305
GENDER								
Male	247	277	182	218	208	230	159	183
Female	332	327	246	264	287	305	230	245
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	389	405	288	313	347	347	268	269
White	384	373	278	286	327	325	251	253
Black or African American	129	123	94	100	95	90	80	75
American Indian or Alaska Native	17	27	16	21	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	7	*	*	*	*
Asian	60	74	46	48	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	44	73	36	23	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	145	163	110	147	105	155	85	139
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	269	278	181	185	210	219	150	158
Part-Time	145	144	117	103	111	118	99	89
Unemployed	110	138	90	94	87	116	78	78
Other ³	281	302	216	264	247	274	198	240

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

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³ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.55D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Demographic Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ²	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ²	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2}	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2}
					(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.14	0.15	1.31	1.25	1.49	1.47
GENDER								
Male	0.23	0.25	0.17	0.20	2.36	2.41	2.78	2.88
Female	0.28	0.28	0.21	0.22	1.57	1.43	1.69	1.66
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.20	0.21	0.15	0.16	1.34	1.30	1.47	1.52
White	0.23	0.23	0.17	0.18	1.43	1.43	1.58	1.60
Black or African American	0.46	0.47	0.34	0.39	4.18	4.14	4.82	5.15
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.58	2.47	1.56	1.97	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	1.15	*	*	*	*
Asian	0.60	0.72	0.46	0.47	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	1.75	2.57	1.43	0.90	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.47	0.52	0.36	0.46	4.12	4.23	5.40	5.00
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	0.22	0.24	0.15	0.16	2.12	2.04	2.51	2.46
Part-Time	0.45	0.42	0.37	0.31	2.90	2.81	3.32	3.32
Unemployed	0.73	0.88	0.60	0.62	3.81	4.45	4.52	5.31
Other ³	0.42	0.44	0.33	0.39	2.20	2.02	2.14	2.37

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

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NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

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³ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

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Table 1.55P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: *P* Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Demographic Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	0.3398		0.1486		0.0379		0.4975	
GENDER								
Male	0.4073		0.2063		0.8069		0.9074	
Female	0.5465		0.3732		0.0093		0.3455	
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.2486		0.2629		0.2383		0.9385	
White	0.3621		0.2701		0.1193		0.6170	
Black or African American	0.6080		0.2507		0.8373		0.7445	
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.6721		0.8343		*		*	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*		*		*		*	
Asian	0.5318		0.6376		*		*	
Two or More Races	0.8963		0.2250		*		*	
Hispanic or Latino	0.7383		0.2847		0.0125		0.1037	
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	0.8394		0.8238		0.2471		0.2745	
Part-Time	0.7896		0.3060		0.9389		0.3487	
Unemployed	0.9004		0.3043		0.2595		0.4829	
Other ³	0.1804		0.0093		0.2046		0.4849	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

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NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.56C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	412	435	308	346	365	383	283	305
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	175	182	133	137	152	152	122	111
Midwest	158	182	128	153	139	159	116	141
South	257	275	194	215	231	233	180	183
West	207	225	153	174	182	216	134	163
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	349	326	248	254	284	277	218	227
Small Metro	223	257	167	185	192	207	150	161
Nonmetro	166	186	122	145	134	161	102	124
POVERTY LEVEL³								
Less Than 100%	170	192	146	174	140	171	128	158
100-199%	178	213	135	172	134	187	106	156
200% or More	352	331	247	236	302	277	227	203
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	191	238	157	200	155	211	133	183
No	396	384	274	282	325	320	245	246
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	326	316	215	228	267	266	191	198
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	153	197	132	176	134	185	120	169
Other ⁷	246	246	175	193	213	222	161	166
No Coverage	167	183	138	135	126	152	110	116
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	142	141	105	87	109	113	85	68
Very Good	239	211	159	146	189	164	135	119
Good	227	245	162	192	180	201	140	161
Fair/Poor	233	275	186	238	208	254	176	220

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.56D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.14	0.15	1.31	1.25	1.49	1.47
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.42	0.43	0.32	0.32	2.86	2.93	3.19	3.64
Midwest	0.32	0.37	0.26	0.31	2.18	2.31	2.47	2.67
South	0.31	0.33	0.24	0.26	2.27	2.32	2.75	2.84
West	0.40	0.43	0.29	0.33	3.34	2.52	3.22	2.81
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.27	0.26	0.20	0.21	2.07	1.85	2.31	2.23
Small Metro	0.31	0.35	0.24	0.26	2.03	2.10	2.29	2.56
Nonmetro	0.42	0.48	0.32	0.38	2.62	2.86	2.96	3.30
POVERTY LEVEL³								
Less Than 100%	0.59	0.62	0.51	0.57	2.63	2.70	2.95	3.18
100-199%	0.40	0.44	0.31	0.36	2.57	2.55	3.14	2.85
200% or More	0.21	0.21	0.15	0.15	1.83	1.69	1.99	2.07
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.54	0.54	0.45	0.47	2.24	2.16	2.59	2.34
No	0.19	0.20	0.14	0.15	1.58	1.54	1.81	1.91
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.20	0.21	0.14	0.15	1.82	1.65	1.99	1.94
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.76	0.87	0.67	0.79	2.61	2.58	2.93	2.76
Other ⁷	0.45	0.45	0.33	0.36	3.38	3.01	3.53	3.65
No Coverage	0.45	0.46	0.38	0.35	2.85	3.08	3.47	3.40
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.26	0.27	0.19	0.17	3.48	3.23	4.61	3.83
Very Good	0.28	0.24	0.19	0.17	2.46	2.34	2.76	2.59
Good	0.35	0.38	0.26	0.30	2.38	2.17	2.66	2.75
Fair/Poor	0.76	0.83	0.62	0.73	2.31	2.43	2.35	2.69

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 1.56P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2010 Versus 2009

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had MDE (2009)	Had MDE (2010)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009)	Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009)	Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010)
TOTAL	0.3398		0.1486		0.0379		0.4975	
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.2985		0.5273		0.5739		0.3635	
Midwest	0.3226		0.1439		0.2359		0.0682	
South	0.9586		0.7810		0.9287		0.6585	
West	0.7895		0.4299		0.0108		0.2436	
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.6382		0.3756		0.0536		0.4789	
Small Metro	0.3309		0.3881		0.6711		0.9837	
Nonmetro	0.7961		0.3496		0.3168		0.6770	
POVERTY LEVEL³								
Less Than 100%	0.3135		0.5318		0.3880		0.9413	
100-199%	0.8504		0.4176		0.0058		0.0239	
200% or More	0.1547		0.1226		0.4904		0.5542	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.8106		0.8567		0.0872		0.2320	
No	0.4546		0.2070		0.1671		0.9888	
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.1215		0.0187		0.0575		0.3725	
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.5227		0.3911		0.9554		0.7843	
Other ⁷	0.2198		0.0191		0.3079		0.1256	
No Coverage	0.5495		0.3129		0.1221		0.2698	
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.6015		0.5971		0.2087		0.6456	
Very Good	0.8295		0.9101		0.2690		0.3331	
Good	0.5463		0.3930		0.1712		0.9593	
Fair/Poor	0.4946		0.1512		0.7623		0.6993	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

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⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.