

Table 2.6A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

| Gender/Age | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | | (2009) | (2010) | (2009) | (2010) |
| TOTAL | 1,950 | 1,901 | 1,401 | 1,343 | 674 | 717 | 539 | 552 |
| 12 | 127 | 124 | 92 | 85 | 38 | * | * | * |
| 13 | 203 | 203 | 141 | 146 | 62 | 68 | 47 | 45 |
| 14 | 287 | 301 | 194 | 199 | 84 | 108 | 61 | 90 |
| 15 | 452 | 399 | 326 | 275 | 159 | 161 | 121 | 124 |
| 16 | 411 | 443 | 301 | 298 | 146 | 171 | 129 | 129 |
| 17 | 470 | 430 | 348 | 340 | 185 | 170 | 151 | 142 |
| MALE | 574 | 533 | 390 | 394 | 167 | 171 | 132 | 132 |
| 12 | 33 | 39 | 16 | 30 | * | * | * | * |
| 13 | 44 | 42 | 35 | 32 | * | * | * | * |
| 14 | 74 | 71 | 47 | 49 | * | * | * | * |
| 15 | 146 ^b | 90 | 90 | 63 | 34 | * | * | * |
| 16 | 128 | 134 | 96 | 91 | 38 | 36 | * | * |
| 17 | 149 | 158 | 106 | 128 | 52 | 61 | * | * |
| FEMALE | 1,376 | 1,367 | 1,011 | 949 | 507 | 546 | 408 | 419 |
| 12 | 95 | 85 | 76 | 55 | * | * | * | * |
| 13 | 159 | 162 | 106 | 114 | 50 | 56 | * | * |
| 14 | 213 | 230 | 147 | 149 | 63 | 84 | 47 | 72 |
| 15 | 306 | 309 | 236 | 212 | 124 | 135 | 98 | 106 |
| 16 | 283 | 309 | 205 | 206 | 108 | 135 | 96 | 102 |
| 17 | 321 | 272 | 241 | 212 | 132 | 109 | 109 | 91 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 2.6B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Percentages, 2009 and 2010

| Gender/Age | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | | (2009) | (2010) | (2009) | (2010) |
| TOTAL | 8.1 | 8.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 34.7 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 41.2 |
| 12 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 29.9 | * | * | * |
| 13 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 30.9 | 33.6 | 34.1 | 31.2 |
| 14 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 29.5 | 36.1 | 31.7 ^a | 45.4 |
| 15 | 10.4 | 9.8 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 35.5 | 40.4 | 37.6 | 45.1 |
| 16 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 35.5 | 38.8 | 43.0 | 43.4 |
| 17 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 43.4 | 41.8 |
| MALE | 4.7 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 29.3 | 32.1 | 34.0 | 33.6 |
| 12 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.6 | * | * | * | * |
| 13 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | * | * | * | * |
| 14 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 | * | * | * | * |
| 15 | 6.4 ^a | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 23.4 | * | * | * |
| 16 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 29.6 | 27.1 | * | * |
| 17 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 35.2 | 38.4 | * | * |
| FEMALE | 11.7 | 11.8 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 37.0 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 44.3 |
| 12 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 3.1 | * | * | * | * |
| 13 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 31.4 | 34.7 | * | * |
| 14 | 10.6 | 12.1 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 29.8 | 36.8 | 31.6 ^a | 48.3 |
| 15 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 41.4 | 43.5 | 42.2 | 50.1 |
| 16 | 14.6 | 15.7 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 38.2 | 43.8 | 46.7 | 49.6 |
| 17 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 41.3 | 40.2 | 45.2 | 42.9 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 2.7A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received | Received | Received | Received |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| | | | | | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010) |
| TOTAL | 1,950 | 1,901 | 1,401 | 1,343 | 674 | 717 | 539 | 552 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 1,589 | 1,526 | 1,145 | 1,084 | 556 | 573 | 440 | 445 |
| White | 1,174 | 1,173 | 853 | 844 | 440 | 482 | 349 | 376 |
| Black or African American | 286 | 237 | 205 | 158 | 72 | 54 | 59 | 42 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 9 | 10 | 5 | 7 | * | * | * | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | 1 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 73 | 57 | 48 | 45 | * | * | * | * |
| Two or More Races | 41 | 48 | 31 | 30 | * | * | * | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 361 | 375 | 255 | 258 | 118 | 145 | 100 | 107 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 2.7B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Percentages, 2009 and 2010

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received | Received | Received | Received |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| | | | | | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009) | Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010) |
| TOTAL | 8.1 | 8.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 34.7 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 41.2 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 8.2 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 35.1 | 37.6 | 38.6 | 41.1 |
| White | 8.3 | 8.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 37.6 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 44.6 |
| Black or African American | 7.9 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 25.4 | 23.1 | 29.1 | 26.7 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 7.5 | 7.4 | 4.3 | 5.4 | * | * | * | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | 1.8 | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 7.6 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.3 | * | * | * | * |
| Two or More Races | 7.9 | 9.4 | 6.0 | 5.9 | * | * | * | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 7.7 | 7.8 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 33.1 | 38.6 | 39.3 | 41.5 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 2.8A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010) |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL | 1,950 | 1,901 | 1,401 | 1,343 | 674 | 717 | 539 | 552 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 293 | 301 | 223 | 215 | 127 | 122 | 109 | 90 |
| Midwest | 455 | 423 | 319 | 309 | 167 | 177 | 125 | 149 |
| South | 667 | 742 | 485 | 522 | 197 ^a | 269 | 164 | 197 |
| West | 536 ^a | 436 | 374 ^a | 296 | 184 | 150 | 141 | 116 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | | | | | |
| Large Metro | 1,017 | 988 | 735 | 701 | 335 | 347 | 266 | 270 |
| Small Metro | 607 | 582 | 423 | 411 | 221 | 238 | 169 | 185 |
| Nonmetro | 326 | 331 | 243 | 231 | 118 | 133 | 104 | 97 |
| POVERTY LEVEL³ | | | | | | | | |
| Less Than 100% | 338 | 337 | 249 | 260 | 110 | 114 | 87 | 91 |
| 100-199% | 462 | 527 | 331 | 356 | 147 ^a | 206 | 120 | 149 |
| 200% or More | 1,151 | 1,036 | 820 | 726 | 417 | 398 | 332 | 312 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴ | | | | | | | | |
| Yes | 438 | 476 | 316 | 356 | 143 | 186 | 111 | 143 |
| No | 1,512 | 1,424 | 1,085 | 987 | 532 | 531 | 428 | 409 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁵ | | | | | | | | |
| Private | 1,193 | 1,127 | 833 | 790 | 418 | 433 | 327 | 338 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁶ | 562 | 615 | 421 | 460 | 200 | 251 | 163 | 198 |
| Other ⁷ | 95 | 83 | 81 | 58 | * | * | * | * |
| No Coverage | 179 | 169 | 122 | 110 | 45 | 51 | * | * |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁸ | | | | | | | | |
| Excellent | 464 | 415 | 325 | 284 | 136 | 134 | 115 | 101 |
| Very Good | 841 | 816 | 594 | 575 | 291 | 292 | 228 | 232 |
| Good | 521 | 524 | 386 | 375 | 188 | 214 | 145 | 164 |
| Fair/Poor | 124 | 143 | 95 | 108 | 59 | 77 | * | 56 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (formerly the Office of Applied Studies), National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2009 and 2010.

Table 2.8B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2009 and 2010

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic | Had MDE (2009) | Had MDE (2010) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2009) | Had MDE with Severe Impairment ¹ (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2009) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE ² (2010) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2009) | Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with MDE with Severe Impairment ^{1,2} (2010) |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| TOTAL | 8.1 | 8.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 34.7 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 41.2 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 7.0 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 43.6 | 40.7 | 49.3 | 42.0 |
| Midwest | 8.6 | 8.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 36.7 | 42.0 | 39.4 ^a | 48.2 |
| South | 7.6 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 29.6 | 36.3 | 33.9 | 37.9 |
| West | 9.3 ^a | 7.7 | 6.5 | 5.2 | 34.6 | 34.4 | 38.0 | 39.0 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | | | | | |
| Large Metro | 8.0 | 7.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 33.1 | 35.2 | 36.4 | 38.6 |
| Small Metro | 8.1 | 7.9 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 36.6 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 45.0 |
| Nonmetro | 8.5 | 8.9 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 36.4 | 40.2 | 42.8 | 42.1 |
| POVERTY LEVEL³ | | | | | | | | |
| Less Than 100% | 7.4 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 32.9 | 33.9 | 35.2 | 35.1 |
| 100-199% | 8.6 | 9.0 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 32.1 | 39.0 | 36.6 | 41.9 |
| 200% or More | 8.1 | 7.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 36.3 | 38.4 | 40.6 | 43.0 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴ | | | | | | | | |
| Yes | 8.4 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 32.9 | 39.2 | 35.5 | 40.3 |
| No | 8.0 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 35.2 | 37.3 | 39.6 | 41.5 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁵ | | | | | | | | |
| Private | 7.8 | 7.7 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 35.1 | 38.5 | 39.3 | 42.8 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁶ | 8.1 | 8.5 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 36.0 | 40.8 | 39.2 | 43.1 |
| Other ⁷ | 8.9 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 5.5 | * | * | * | * |
| No Coverage | 9.8 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 25.6 | 30.4 | * | * |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁸ | | | | | | | | |
| Excellent | 5.6 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 29.3 | 32.3 | 35.3 | 35.6 |
| Very Good | 8.3 | 8.1 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 34.7 | 35.9 | 38.6 | 40.3 |
| Good | 10.9 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 36.4 | 40.8 | 38.0 | 43.6 |
| Fair/Poor | 15.0 | 17.5 | 11.6 | 13.2 | 48.1 | 54.1 | * | 51.7 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

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