

Table 1.58C Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Major Depressive Episode, Mental Health Service Use, and Substance Use Disorder: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2011 and 2012

Past Year Mental Health or Substance Use Measure	2011	2012
Major Depressive Episode ¹	221	215
Mental Health Service Use ²	210	211
Substance Use Disorder ^{3,4}	140	152
Alcohol Use Disorder ³	130	138
Illicit Drug Use Disorder ^{3,4}	77	104

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

¹ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling information were excluded.

³ Substance Use Disorder (SUD) is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Alcohol Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for alcohol dependence or abuse. Illicit Drug Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

⁴ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2011 and 2012.

Table 1.58D Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Major Depressive Episode, Mental Health Service Use, and Substance Use Disorder: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2011 and 2012

Past Year Mental Health or Substance Use Measure	2011	2012
Major Depressive Episode ¹	1.24	1.12
Mental Health Service Use ²	0.64	0.58
Substance Use Disorder ^{3,4}	0.69	0.68
Alcohol Use Disorder ³	0.77	0.77
Illicit Drug Use Disorder ^{3,4}	1.32	1.48

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

¹ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling information were excluded.

³ Substance Use Disorder (SUD) is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Alcohol Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for alcohol dependence or abuse. Illicit Drug Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

⁴ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2011 and 2012.

Table 1.58P Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Major Depressive Episode, Mental Health Service Use, and Substance Use Disorder: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2012 Versus 2011

Past Year Mental Health or Substance Use Measure	2011	2012
Major Depressive Episode ¹	0.7725	
Mental Health Service Use ²	0.3008	
Substance Use Disorder ^{3,4}	0.1391	
Alcohol Use Disorder ³	0.2071	
Illicit Drug Use Disorder ^{3,4}	0.1457	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown suicide information were excluded.

¹ Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. Respondents with unknown past year MDE data were excluded.

² Mental Health Treatment/Counseling is defined as having received inpatient care or outpatient care or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling information were excluded.

³ Substance Use Disorder (SUD) is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Alcohol Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for alcohol dependence or abuse. Illicit Drug Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

⁴ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2011 and 2012.