Behavioral Health is Essential To Health

Prevention Works

Treatment is Effective

People Recover
Behavioral Health: A National Priority

- SAMHSA’s Mission: Reduce the impact of substance abuse and mental illness on America’s communities

Behavioral health is essential to health

Prevention works

Treatment is effective

People recover
SAMHSA’S Strategic Initiatives

AIM: Improving the Nation’s Behavioral Health (1-4)
AIM: Transforming Health Care in America (5-6)
AIM: Achieving Excellence in Operations (7-8)
SAMHSA Core Functions

• Leadership and Voice
• Data/Surveillance
• Practice Improvement -- Technical Assistance, Quality Measures, Evaluation/Services Research
• Public Awareness and Education
• Grant-making
• Regulation and Standard Setting
SAMHSA Centers

• Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS)

• Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP)

• Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT)

• Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (CBHSQ)
Division of Regional and National Policy Liaison – Regional Team

- Represent SAMHSA leadership in the Regions
- Provide SAMHSA staff with “eyes and ears” out in the Regions
- Establish working relationships with:
  - Regional representatives of OPDIVS (HRSA, ACF, CMS) and internal staff divisions (e.g., ASFR and OASH).
  - State authorities for mental health and substance abuse, provider groups, city and county level health departments.
- Coordinate support for State implementation of health reform.
- Coordinate, as needed, implementation of SAMHSA Strategic Initiatives and technical assistance within the regions.
- Help States to coordinate resources across SAMHSA to address emerging needs.
HIV/AIDS Funding

• Strategic Initiative 5, health reform, specifically addresses the behavioral health problems of people at highest risk for or living with HIV/AIDS and emphasizes SAMHSA’s commitment to implementing the NHAS.

• Addressing the behavioral health problems that can put individuals at greater risk for HIV infection or that co-occur with HIV infection and can hinder access to treatment.
SAMHSA HIV/AIDS Funding

• Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant HIV Set-Aside

• Approximately $1.8 billion in resources to States.

• Since 1993, Congress has authorized a set-aside of 5 percent of these block grant funds for early HIV intervention services in “designated States.”

• In FY 2010, 19 States used set-aside dollars for early intervention services
HIV Designated States

- States whose rate of AIDS is 10 or more per 100,000 individuals are considered HIV-Designated States.

- HIV-Designated States must expend 5% of the SAPT Block Grant award on HIV early intervention services.

- HIV-Designated States are required to establish linkages with a comprehensive community resource network of related health and social services organizations to ensure a wide-based knowledge of the availability of these services.
Funded HIV Early Intervention Services

• Pre- and post-test counseling
• Referral services
• Risk assessment
• HIV/AIDS education
• Rapid HIV testing
• Integrated infectious disease services
How Are Services Provided?

• The majority of the States have developed agreements with DOH and other entities to provide HIV testing and counseling services to substance abuse clients either onsite or by referral, and with DPH to provide supplies and services for HIV.

• Some States provide direct funding to providers to make available early intervention services for persons receiving substance abuse treatment.

• Other States transfer SAPT funds to DOH to make the services available for persons who are in substance abuse treatment.
HIV/AIDS Funding
FY 2011 SAMHSA Grant Awards

• $42.6 million in new grants to provide behavioral health services in communities most impacted by HIV/AIDS.

• Funding will be used to develop and expand networks of primary care, HIV/AIDS and behavioral health service providers serving racial and ethnic minorities with or at high risk for HIV/AIDS.
12 Cities

• SAMHSA also is actively involved in supporting the HHS 12 Cities Project

• SAMHSA’s efforts include engaging our grantees as well as the Addiction Technology Transfer Centers (ATTCs)

• Engage the Single State Authorities and SAMHSA grantees to support this project in each of the states where the 12 cities are located.

• As the project continues in the months ahead, SAMHSA will explore the feasibility of developing a treatment-on-demand referral network of substance abuse treatment providers who can collaborate with local HRSA and CDC grantees in some or all of the 12 jurisdictions.
HIV/AIDS Publications


- [http://store.samhsa.gov/facet/Professional-Research-Topics/term/Evidence-Based-Practices/filter/Kit](http://store.samhsa.gov/facet/Professional-Research-Topics/term/Evidence-Based-Practices/filter/Kit)

Thank you! Questions?

Jeffrey Coady, Psy.D.
Regional Administrator-Region 5
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
233 North Michigan Ave.
Suite 200
Chicago, IL 60601
Jeffrey.coady@samhsa.hhs.gov
Office: 312-353-1250